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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXI NO. 131 BOMBAY MONDAY, JUNE 5, 1933 TWELVE PAGES

GANDA JOHLIA VANQUISHES THE "LION OF PUNJAB"

Out Of The Gloaming.

The publication of the Honours List will give more peace of mind to aspirants. Those who have been rewarded can be gloating over the discomfiture of their friends who have been forgotten while the latter can now renew their siege for hope springs eternal in the human heart.

* * * *

Like University examinations these two Honours Lists every six months are a great relief to expectant humanity. They may break the hearts of many, but they heal the wounds of a few and bring peace sublime to many aching hearts.

* * * *

Even Government have felt the need of broadening their vision by bringing non-officials within their fold. The Honours List is their mainstay in these days of Civil Disobedience N.C.O. and what not.

* * * *

Appropriately enough the great Mr. Anklesaria, M.L.A., who has been the constant companion of the occupants of the Government Benches in the Assembly and in the lobby has been made Companion of the Indian Empire,—as a constant reminder we suppose. Cheek by jowl he will sit with a C.I.D. official in his exalted new position.

* * * *

Whatever Ottawa may not have done, India at least has no complaint to make and our one and only Chetty has been amply rewarded. Such Imperial statesmen, who can change sides so quickly must have their niche in the Simla Valhalha. Chetty is destined to rise to still greater heights, if he can keep his adaptibility in good trim.

* * * *

India's gold exports last week bring the total to 140 crores and over, and she has got the paper bales safe with her now. India has a great mission in life to save humanity by saving Britain and she must be true to it.

* * * *

And now you'd better get your gold ready, if you've any left, as the time is getting near when the British Treasury must collect for the next instalment.

* * * *

In the midst of phenomenal gloom the "Indian Express" writes brightly about the marriage season of South India, and hopefully says that, while the depression has depressed the price of bridegrooms, it has simultaneously lowered the paying capacity of prospective fathers-in-law.

* * * *

How they would welcome a Hitler, who is sending all German women who work back to their homes, with an order to take husbands immediately, the latter being duly rewarded for their loss of independence by a substantial subsidy. No depression here.

* * * *

Bright young men who are swallowing the six-penny novels must be filled with profound melancholy, the Madras Journal believes, that marriage has been reduced to such a sordid business.

* * * *

Their melancholy will be removed when they see the bright rupees which the distressed fathers of marriageable girls are made to disgorge, willy nilly.

* * * *

The "Express" winds up with sound and even solid advice to the ardent and love-sick boys. "They will do well to limit their demands to adult and fair looking brides with fertile acres and decent bank accounts and a reasonable share in their choice."

* * * *

The last few words are rather cryptic, but for South Indians, like many other things incomprehensible to Northern Philistines they must have their own meaning.

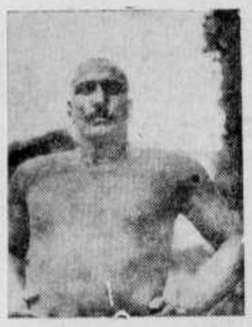
* * * *

With such long headed views to guide our South Indian friends, they ought to do well in life's battle. Congratulations to the "Free Press" on its Madras avatar,

Championship Fight Ends Within Twelve Minutes

U. P. MAN THROWS OUT CHALLENGE TO WINNER

Admiring Crowds Create Scene On Cooperage



Ganda Johlia, (World Champion) who vanquished Isher Singh (Lion of the Punjab) in 11 mins. 55 secs.

Isher Singh who put up a bold fight.

Bombay has seldom witnessed such thrilling scenes as were enacted on Sunday evening at the Cooperage, when the Championship of Indian wrestling was decided in the first City of India.

Before the match, Baldeo Singh, Champion of the United Provinces walked on to the field and threw out a challenge to the winner of the contest between Ganda Johlia and Isher Singh.

As Ganda is proceeding to Europe, this challenge will be accepted on his return.

Seven thousand spectators assembled at the Cooperage on Sunday to witness the wrestling championship bout between Ganda Jholia (Coming World Champion) and Isher Singh (Lion of the Punjab). On an occasion like this, feelings were bound to run high, and it was the tact of the Bombay Police that prevented unseemly scenes on the part of the spectators.

Seldom has the Cooperage been thronged by such a representative crowd.

There was a mild exhibition of feeling when the crowd on the eastern side of the enclosure got out of hand, and the police had to intervene to prevent trouble.

SPECTATORS EXCITED.

When the preliminary contests had ended, the spectators grew excited on the announcement of the principal contest between Ganda Jholia (coming World Champion) and Isher Singh (Lion of the Punjab).

This match gripped the imagination of the public, who went into hysterics when the champions were announced.

"UNORTHODOX HOLD."

They entered the Arena with their customary spectacular Pahelwan style. Ganda immediately got a grip of Isher Singh's langar and tried to force his opponent to the ground. The supporters of the Sikh were up in arms, and actually ventured on the field to protest against this unorthodox hold.

Ganda mastered his opponent in 11 minutes 55 seconds, collaring him by the scuff of his neck, lifting him up in the air to pin him down on his back and win in a convincing style and maintain his title of the World Champion to be.

GANDA WINS.

This result was more or less anticipated by the concourse of spectators, who gave Ganda a thundering ovation. Ganda was undoubtedly the well-developed of the two, and he is sure to make a name for himself abroad.

PRELIMINARY BOUTS.

In the preliminary bouts, Ramzan of Lahore beat Gulam Kadvi of Bombay in record time of 27 seconds of a bout scheduled to go 20 minutes.

Shankar of Bombay provided the spectators with a long drawn duel which lasted 20 minutes when he held Fattoo, a pupil of Ganda Jholia to a draw.

Another exciting contest was provided when Arjun Singh and Jamma Jat participated in a very fast bout in which clever tactics were displayed. After the full time of 20 minutes was called, the match ended in a draw.

SCIENTIFIC CONTEST.

The more scientific contest of the programme took place when Bagele pinned Dharsan in 5m. 45 sec. with scissor's hold. This fight created intense excitement as the wrestlers displayed great science.

The arena which was 22 ft. by 22 ft. seemed to handicap the wrestlers who are accustomed to mere spacious Akhada. But the police regulations in Bombay were responsible for these dimensions.

REFEREE AND JUDGES.

Dr. Pavri was referee and Messrs. Ragina and B. Vankadia were the judges. Mr. Watson of the W. I. F. A was the time-keeper.

MONEY GRABBED AT KNIFE POINT

Jubbulpore Govt. Telegraph Employee Relieved Of Salary

3 MEN IN PANTLOONS

No Trace Of Them Yet; By Appearance They Hail From North

ALLAHABAD, June 4.

Another outrage is reported from Jubbulpore on the night of 1st June. Mr. J. S. Blades, an employee of the Government Telegraphs, Jubbulpore was returning home on a cycle from duty with a month's pay in his pocket. He was waylaid by three men who surrounded him. One of them threatened him with a long knife and others searched his pockets and relieved him of his wages. The men disappeared. Report has been made to the police. There is yet no trace of the men. The men are described as being cleanshaven, dressed in flowing pantloons, and apparently from the North.—A. P.

HEAVY RAINS IN HYDERABAD

HYDERABAD (Deccan), June 4.

Heavy rains heralding the arrival of monsoon fell in the City last night, while throughout today skies were cloudy with occasional showers.—A. P.

where the practical and the romantic go hand-in-hand.

* * * *

"A thing of beauty is a joy for ever" says another Madras paper about Indian bees. We hope they are not the same bees whose adventures unwary archaeologists and others had to regret so much. We would rather, ourselves, gives such stinging beauty a wide berth.

* * * *

The expectations that "the Services would devote themselves to making the 1919 constitution a success has been fulfilled" modestly says the I.C.S. Association preparing for further plunder. Lee Loot has not satiated them fully and like Oliver Twist they ask for more.

* * * *

The palm-reader gazed long and mysteriously at her client's hand.

"Ah," she said at last. "I've got it—beware of a tall dark man who will shortly cross your path."

"Hi Half a minute!" said the client. "Aren't you warning the wrong man?"

"What do you mean?" asked the palm-reader.

"Well, I'm a chauffeur," said the other.

VESUVIUS IN ACTION AGAIN

Stream Of Molten Lava Threatens Valley Of Hell And Villagers Are Abandoning Homes

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

NAPLES, June 4.

Latest eruption of Vesuvius has so terrified the inhabitants of Terzigno village that they are abandoning their homes in panic. With ever increasing speed, the stream of molten lava several feet wide is flowing towards them and is now within a few hundred feet of the uninhabited Valley of Hell, the flooding of which is imminent. Should the wall built round the Valley after 1906 eruption be overwhelmed, nothing could save the village. Experts are hopeful, however, that the flow of lava will cease in time to prevent disaster.

FLAWS OF THOMAS REPORT

Poona Co-operative Conference Rejects Recommendations

HARMFUL TO MOVEMENT

Registrar Mr. Punjabi Suggests Adoption Of His Recommendations By Govt.

POONA, June 4.

The Co-operative Conference held here has concluded. The opinion of the conference seems to be that if recommendations of the Thomas (Reorganisation) Committee are accepted it would do great harm to the Co-operative movement. Cogent arguments were advanced against the adoption of this course. It appears now that with exception of recommendation regarding the supervision work being entrusted to sub-auditors in a modified form, other items of the agenda will be accepted.

REGISTRAR'S SUGGESTION

The registrar, Mr. K. L. Punjabi, suggested that this happy compromise, which, in addition to retaining the local initiative, secured the supervision by official agency. "Should the Government accept my recommendations of the Conference, amendment of Co-operative Act would become necessary chiefly in order to secure better recovery of co-operative societies dues."

In his connection it is pointed out that the provision of Section 59 (2) of the Act has been made negatory by the absence of any provision in land revenue code for the attachment of land.—A. P.

TRAIN DISASTER AT NANTES

14 Killed, 70 Injured, And Many Missing

(Special Cable.)

PARIS, June 4.

At least 14 persons have been killed, and 70 injured, when the Paris-Nantes express was derailed outside Nantes. Several are missing, and it is feared that the deathroll is consderably nigher.

SENATE PASSES GOLD BILL

WASHINGTON, June 4.

The Senate by 48 votes to 30 passed the Gold Bill which now goes to President Roosevelt.—Reuter.

Mahatma Puts On Weight Steadily

Takes Diluted Goat's Milk In Small Quantities

POONA, June 4.

Dr. Purushotam Patel of Bombay examined Gandhiji today and issued the following bulletin:—

"Since I saw Mahatma Gandhi last Wednesday, he has been getting on as satisfactorily as can be expected. But he is still in need of great care and vigilance for a long time to come. Besides fruit juices and vegetables, he has commenced taking diluted goat's milk in small quantities."

Gandhiji is putting on weight steadily, his weight yesterday evening being 89-1/4lbs.

The Associated Press is informed that a report appearing in a Bombay paper that Gandhiji is able to walk from cot to cot is misleading. Gandhiji spends the whole time in bed sitting up off and on. Those who are in attendance on him think that it will take some time for him to regain the use of his legs. He commenced his usual weekly silence day to-day at noon.

Gandhiji continues to receive messages. The All-World Gandhi Fellowship League, New York, cables: "Dinner to-night. Rejoicing your suffering will prove a ransom to the depressed classes. Faith in your leadership intensified."

A Muslim fast cure expert cabling from Zanzibar suggests that Gandhiji should do away with eye-glasses, as after the fast, he is not likely to feel their want.

Zanzibar Indians congratulating Gandhiji announce that they have formed a committee for the Harijan uplift.—A. P.

DR. MOONJE HITS BACK

"Your Sweet Sallies Break Nobody's Bones"

SETALWAD AND COMMUNAL AWARD

Let Him Beware Of Offending Muslim Imperialism

(From Our Correspondent).

NAGPUR, June 2

Dr. B. S. Moonje has issued the following statement:—

The great Carpet Knight our leader, Sir Chimanlal Setalwad, has again come out with his sweet sallies this time against a smaller fry like myself, but being a rough man working in a still rougher field in a purely matter of fact manner, I feel merely amused at them because they break nobody's bones. Swaraj is unfortunately the prize of a more masculine game in which parading of mere paper horses can be no substitute for the rough and humble of the game of which our Knight is happily so innocent.

BACKBONELESS PATRIOTISM.

But I should admit forthwith that I do not possess that brand of backboneless nationalism or patriotism which could fling at our face unexpectedly a resolution so chivalrously sponsored by the great Knight at one of the meetings of the Round Table Conference asking the British Prime Minister to arbitrate in our domestic communal wranglings quite ignoring the presence of our Mahatma, the greatest living man of the time, for the purpose. My blood was up and a went with my revered leader, Pandit Malviyaji, Sir Purushottamdas Thakurdas and Sir Prabhashanker Pattani to see Mahatma Gandhi in his office and said to him in bitterness and anguish caused by the sting of the humiliating proposal of the valiant Knight.

"Well, Mahatmaji, if Indian Nationalism is to be stabbed, I would prefer it done by your august and spiritual self in spite of your offer of a blank cheque rather than by the Prime Minister steeped in the politics of Clive and Warren Hastings. I am prepared to accept your arbitration and shall abide by your award, whatever it may be, ungrudgingly".

Sir Purushottamdas went with Mahatmaji to see his friend, Mr. Jinnah but the Moslems were not) prepared to accept the arbitration of Mahatmaji.

PITY HIS IGNORANCE.

I pity the ignorance of the learned Knight of the British temparament which will never let down their pet child, the Communal Award without a supreme effort to save it. But, pray, who was the first to strike a blow at the Award by the threat of fasting unto death? No other than the Mahatma himself in whose praise the whole world is resounding to-day. Does the proud Knight chastise the Mahatma also for getting the Award modified?

Besides the Mahatma, who else has again tried and is trying to repudiate and nullify the Award? No other than revered Pandit Malviyaji, unapproachable and incomparable in sweet reasonableness. Though a Knight of reflected splendour, he will do well to bend his knees in respectful reverence to the great Pandit.

FUTILE EFFORTS.

In short I believe I have tried every method short of complete surrender of coming to a reasonable compromise with the Moslems but as I have often said, it was against human nature to expect the Moslems to give up the advantages of the Government of India's Despatch of Lord Irwin in which practically the entire Moslem demand has been conceded. Has our garrulous Knight the courage to say of Mr. Jinnah what he has said of me? Let him beware of the risks of offending Moslem Imperialism.

WORKERS LATHI-CHARGED

Alleged Victimization Of 'Loyal' Operatives Of Binod Mill

ALSO DAMAGE HOTEL

Police Arrive On Scene & After Baton-Assault Arrest Nine Strikers

AHMEDABAD, June 4.

An Ujjain message states that operatives of Binod mill have struck work for alleged victimization of certain operatives. They created disturbance and damaged a hotel, the Police arrived on the scene and made a lathi charge and arrested nine strikers.—A.P.

TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word.

Minimum Re. 1

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (upto 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No.——The Bombay Chronicle"——must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under. "Box No.——The Advertisement Department, The Bombay Chronicle", Old Custom House Road, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Numbers should be written distinctly.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted immediately experienced Organisers on handsome salary and terms for Cheap Life Insurance Policies in Deccan. Apply Box No. 521, "Bombay Chronicle." (6721).

Wanted a B.A., B.T. having experience of teaching Geography in Seventh Standard; and an experienced Drawing Master (D.J.C.) for a local High School. Apply immediately mentioning age, experience and pay to Box No. 577, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Tutor strong in English for coaching boy studying first year Arts second language French 2 hours daily in Bombay Suburb. Apply Box No. 603 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted all to learn complete Shorthand, Touch Typewrting, Rs. 20. Success Guaranteed Standard Typewriter Co., opposite Petit Library. (597).

Wanted a Graduate efficient in correspondence and accounts. Man with press experienced preferred. Apply Box No. 614. "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Graduates, strong in English and Sanskrit, able to take higher standards. Only those who are prepared to work with a spirit of sacrifice need apply to: Principal, Gurukul, Shuklatirth, via Ankleshwar. (6773).

Wanted a really competent and fully qualified hand for the post of the Superintendent of Police in the Bikaner State Police. Must have sufficient practical experience in the line and be well conversed in Hindi. Retired Police Officers from British India Police specially from Punjab Police will be preferred. Pay according to qualifications. Apply stating qualification, experience, age, nationality and the minimum salary required with copies of certificates to:—The Inspector General of Police, Bikaner State, Bikaner. (6771).

Wanted a qualified Accountant with practical experience in keeping agricultural and Companies Accounts. Starting salary Rs. 75. Only those who have passed the B.Com., G.D.A. or higher standard Examination in Accountancy should apply Shirgaokar Brothers, Managing Agents, the Kolhapur Sugar Mills, Ltd. (6770)

Wanted for the Metropolitan Insurance Co., Ltd., of Calcutta, a Secretary for its Bombay Branch, on liberal terms. Experienced and highly influential Insurance men only are requested to apply sharp in writing or personally to the Head Office Secretary, at 28, Pollock Street, Calcutta. (613).

45. DOCTORS & NURSES.

Wanted a female L.C.P. & S. for the State Hospital. Apply stating qualifications, age, nationality, minimum terms (private practice being not allowed) with copies of testimonials to the Chief Medical Officer, Dharampur State (Dist. Surat). (6737).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Matriculation Examination.—Pali Class will be opened shortly. Fees moderate. Sound tuitions. Apply personally between 5 and 7 in the evening, B. G. Pradhan, Kirloskar Bhuwan, Bhatwadi, Girgaon. Bombay. (610).

Wanted Candidates to Qualify as Sub-Engineers; Overseers through correspondence instruction. High Class Diplomas awarded. Prospectus from the Principal, British India Technical College (Registered by Government), Sukkur (Sind). (542).

H. P. T. College, Nasik.—B.A. Hons. and Pass in English, Sanskrit, Marathi, History and Economics. Second Languages for F. Y.A. and Inter Sanskrit, French and Persian. College Fees Rs. 60 per Term, Hostel Fees Rs. 24 and Rs. 18. Names are registered from the first of June, 1933. T. A. Kulkarni, Principal,—Nasik 31st May, 1933. (6750).

74. AGENCIES WANTED.

Applications are invited from persons desiring to take up the Selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle," Daily and Sunday Editions, particularly at Rajahmundry, Malegaon, Barnagar, Ratlam, Larkhana, Mirpurkhas, Sd. Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Manmad, Dhond, Pandharpur, Raichur, Balapur, Ernakulam, Dharmavaram, Trivandrum, Bezwada, Cochin, Coimbatore, Cocanada, Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar, Ongole, Ottapalam, Samalkot, Salem, Katni, Meerut, Agra Kamptee, Seoni, Saugor, Ajmer, Hardwar, Mysore, Anantapur, Nandura, Dehra Dun, Honawar, Delhi, Simla, Wardha-Castle Rock, Arvi, Ellichpur, Hinganghat, Kamptee, Pithapuram, Madras, Adoni, Nellore, Gwalior, and Mhow. Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle" Co. Ltd., P. O. Box No. 322, Bombay.

76. TRADE FORECASTS.

General Cotton Reporters:—Our doubling, 920 of Wednesday and 918 of Thursday has come out entirely correct. So, please don't fail to avail yourself of this golden opportunity. Visit our office if you want to recoup your loss. We shall teach the way of finding two figures free, to those who desire to learn our special system of finding one certain figure in Rs. 10, which never fails in any week. Master Building, Bazargate Street, Fort, Bombay. Phone No. 26376. (612).

American Cotton expert: Our expectations 915, 920, 918 and 919 came out entirely right last week. Don't forget to get our 5th, Monday's one special certain forecast for a profitable returns. Fee Rs. 151 out of which Rs. 15 will be taken as advance. The balance after the figure came right next day. Dhobi Talao, Shreeram Building, near Parsi Fire Temple, 2nd floor. Phone 21968. (616).

99. MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale.—Electric Lift and two Motor Pumps to be reasonably disposed off. Materials lying at premises No. 418, Kalbadevi Road Chotalal Bhuvan. For particulars see Damodar Anandji No. 66 Karwar Street, Fort. (602).

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified Short Advertisement Columns

NOTICE

Messrs. SHAH AND COMPANY, Chemists and Druggists of Princess Street, Bombay have ceased to be our Local Agents from the 1st of June, 1933. Our customers are therefore requested to approach us direct for their supplies

N. POWELL & CO. LTD.,
Bombay, 4.

Bombay Telephone Company, Limited.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the DEBENTURE STOCK TRANSFER REGISTER and the REGISTER OF DEBENTURE STOCK-HOLDERS will be closed from the 17th day of June to 30th day of June, 1933, (both days inclusive) for preparation of Interest Warrants.

R. H. PARKER,
General Manager and Secretary.
Bombay, 2nd June, 1933.
6765

King Edward VII. Memorial Hospital, Parel, Bombay.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from Marathi and Gujarathi speaking ladies of good families resident in the Bombay Presidency for a course of training in Nursing. The course will be of 3 years and is recognized by the Bombay Presidency Nursing Association. The applications should reach the undersigned by 19th June, 1933. The candidates selected will be required to work on the staff of the K.E.M. Hospital during the period of training and will have to put in six months' service at the K.E.M. Hospital after passing the final examination if called upon to do so. The selected candidates will have to work on trial for a period of not less than four months, during which they will receive Rs. 5 plus 10 u.a. p.m. (provided no uniform and dhobi are provided by the Municipality). Thereafter on passing a Test Examination, they will receive Rs. 15—5—25 plus 10 u.a., p.m. Free board and lodging will be provided.

Applications should be on a prescribed form to be obtained from the office of the undersigned. No person who has not passed the Marathi or the Gujarathi 5th Standard and English 4th Standard and is below the age of 18 or above 30 need apply. Applications should be accompanied by school leaving certificates and references from respectable persons, one of whom at least must be from a Lady.

V. R. KHANOLKAR,
Ag. Dean.

AUCTION SALES

BENNETT & Co.

120, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE ARTISTIC FURNITURE MADE-TO-ORDER BY BENJAMIN AND OTHER WELL-KNOWN MAKERS. "KELVINATOR" A LOT OF VERY OLD AND RARE CHINAWARE, ETC.

Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on FRIDAY, the 9th June, 1933 at 2-30 P. M. (S. T.) sell by Public Auction at their rooms valuable furniture such as large drawing-room cabinets, corner cabinets, rich silk-tapestry-lined chesterfield suites, brass bedsteads, marble-top wash-hand tables, and round tables, reclining sofas rich jardiniers, dressing tables, large office writing tables, revolving book-stands, cupboards, gramophone records, show-case, easy-chairs, marble pillar, teapoys, etc. also a lot of very old and rare chinaware, one "Kelvinator" in perfect order.

The property of gentlemen.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALES

GANDHI & CO.

Telephone No. 24927

SALE THIS DAY AT 4-30 P. M. (S. T.)

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY AT OLD MEMONWADA ROAD.

Messrs. Gandhi and Co. Auctioneers will, under instructions from Messrs. Khandwala and Chhotalal Attorneys for Mr. Maneklal Jeychand the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Haji Noor Mahomed Haji Umer the Mortgagor in pursuance of the power of sale contained in the Indenture of Mortgage dated the 12th January 1932 and made between the Mortgagor of the one part and the Mortgagee of the other part, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned valuable immoveable Property on MONDAY the 5th DAY of JUNE 1933 at 4-30 P. M. (S. T.) on the Premises.

All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land belonging to the Fazandar Ladha Ebrahim with dwelling house situate at Memonwada Road (Old) in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay in the island of Bombay containing by admeasurement 197 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 300 and Cadastral Survey No. 1307 of the Mandvi Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Assessment under B Ward No. 2395 and Street Nos. 459. 461 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by the sweepers passage, on or towards the West by the Memonwada Road on or towards the North by the Jamatkhana of Halai Memons and on or towards the South by the property of Abdul Sakoor Haji Abdul Latiff.

For further Particulars and Conditions of sale please apply to Messrs. Khandwalla and Chhotalal Attorneys for the Mortgagee at their Office at No. 35, Meadows Street, Fort or to the Undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.

123, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay.

SALE ON THURSDAY, THE 15TH JUNE, 1933, AT 4-30 P. M. (S. T.) AT THE MILLS PREMISES.

AUCTION SALE OF THE ATLAS MILLS, GODOWNS, ETC., AT REAY ROAD, MAZAGAON, BOMBAY.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., will under instructions from the Official Liquidator of the Atlas Mills Company, Limited, (in liquidation), sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 15th June 1933, at 4-30 P. M. (S. T.) the undermentioned property at the premises of the Atlas Mills, at Reay Road, Mazagaon, Bombay.

The property will be knocked down to the highest bidder subject to the sanction of the Court.

PARTICULARS

LAND: (a) 50145 square yards or thereabouts held under a lease dated 30th May, 1868, for 999 years, rent payable whereunder has been commuted.

(b) 322 square yards or thereabouts held under a lease dated 22nd October, 1918, for a term of 21 years at the annual rent of Re. 1 renewable in perpetuity at the same rent.

SPINDLES 46452, LOOMS 1380. ENGINE (Compound) by Douglas & Grant I. H. P. 2500.

BOILERS 10 Water Tubular Boilers by Babcock & Wilcox.

Machinery, dyeing and Bleaching plants and other mechanical appliances used in connection with the said Mills together with the exclusive right to use the trade marks, belonging to the Atlas Mills Company, Limited, in respect of the goods manufactured by the said Atlas Mills.

Buildings and Machinery can be inspected at the mill premises.

Particulars and Conditions of Sale can be had on application to the Official Liquidator at his office at 133, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, or to his attorneys, Messrs. Amarchand and Mangaldas, 36, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

THE EXCELSIOR

To-day at 6-30 and 10 P. M.

A Flaming Story of exotic love told amid the most thrilling wild animal scenes ever dared on the Screen.

"NAGANA"

With

TALA BIRLA

A UNIVERSAL SUPER

Drawing Huge Crowds

2nd Glorious Week
FIRST INDIAN TALKIE SERIAL

PICTURE COMMENDED BY
MAULANA SHAUKAT ALI

BHARAT MOVIETONE'S TALKIE OF
ORDEALS & DEVOTION TO GOD

HATAMTAI

MOST SPECTACULAR
MUSICAL-ROMANCE
WITH A
POWERFUL ALL-STAR CAST

Shows: 5-30; 8 & 10-30 P.M.

KRISHNA CINEMA
DUBASH THEATRE, New Charni Road,
and at
CROWN-TALKIES
(GOLPITHA)

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THIS YEAR'S GREAT JAMBOREE

40,000 Foreign Scouts Will Meet In Hungary

The Tirty-five thousand Hungarian Boy Scouts are now feverishly preparing for the International Jamboree which will be held at Godollo, as hour distant from Budapest.

General godfrey Faussett, the Commander at the English Jamboree, is expected to arrive here toyards the middle of April to inspect the ground on which the English Scouts will camp. A tribune will be erected to hold six thousand people, and another for the Governor and his party.

A luxurious tent divided into several rooms and copied from models of the Arpad times, will be offered to General Baden-Powell, who has sent the Hungarian Scouts a sketch of the forthcoming Jamboree drawn by himself. The sketch depicts the globe with Boy Scouts rushing from every quarter of the world towards the Hungarian tricolour.

Camp maps, with a detailed description of the camp and its surroundings, have already been issued, and guide books in English, French, German and Italian will be useful to visitors who come with their scouts. In order that the foreign boyscouts should not be harassed by too much impedimenta on the journey, it has been arranged that they may borrow rugs, straw sacks, cutlery etc., on their arrival at the camp.

"ORPHAN'S HAIR" GIFTS.

Close on forty thousand foreign scouts are expected to arrive and besides badges, albums, and other small souvenirs, each of the fisiting scouts will receive a bunch of "orphan's hair," the grass which Hungarian boy scouts wear in their hats. This grass, which resembles fine marabou feathers and belongs to the stipa family, grows fairly profusely here.

A good deal of disappointment is felt at the news that only boys in the English auxiliary camps will be permitted to accept invitations to stay in Hungary after the Jamboree, as the English are first favourite with Hungarian hosts who enjoy entertaining foreigners and showing them the points of interest in the country.

ENGLISHMAN HEADS SPY ORGANISATION

Bureau With "No National Prejudice" Makes Business Of Selling Secrets

PARIS, (By Mail.)

Emanating from the famous Second Bureau, as the French Secret Service is known, the information reaching me is of the most astounding character. Its source makes it impossible to treat it with the scepticism that would be natural did the story emanate from a less reliable source.

It seems that during inquiries concerning a number of cases of suspected espionage on French territory, the Bureau has obtained definite information that espionage is no longer merely a matter of one country creating an organisation for ferreting out the military and other secrets of its neighbours.

It is now, in fact, rapidly passing into the hands of a sinister international body with branches in every important centre. This syndicate has no national prejudice.

It is organised entirely on commercial lines and makes its business the collection of all information regarding the naval, military and aerial defences and preparations of the different countries.

Its information is at the disposal of any nation willing to pay for it, and it is known that in many cases the usual Secret Service agents of different countries have found it easier to buy their information from this syndicate.

According to the French authorities the head of the organisation is an Englishman, but his lieutenants are men of all nationalities, and a number of women are employed as directors, whilst hundreds of "correspondents" are retained in different countries.

There is a branch of the organisation which concerns itself with what is known as industrial espionage, collecting and disseminating information about new industrial processes, and selling this to trade rivals of the firms concerned.

It has been proved conclusively that several suspected spies dealt with by the French courts recently on the assumption that they were employed by a foreign power, were in reality employed by this syndicate, and the information they gleaned was passed on to at least three other European powers interested in French defence problems.

The organisation is prepared to quote to the recognised agents of any country rates of subscription for a regular service of information regarding military, naval, aerial and industrial developments in other countries.

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HUMILITY OF THE GREAT

Really Great Men Are Always Humble And Ever Willing To Be Of Service To Fellowmen As Following True Incidents Show

I have strewn these incidents from the lives of some well-known men in India to illustrate that the really great are always meek and almost humble and delight to do good by the right hand without the left hand knowing it, writes R. Chamier in "Roy's Weekly." How far this meekness really constitutes greatness is for ever a question of personal opinion; but there can be no doubt about it that a really great man is always humble and ever willing to be of service to his fellowmen.

The late Sir T. Muthuswami Iyer was a distinguished Judge of the Madras High Court. I do not know if I am right, but he was the first Indian to rise to the position of a High Court Judge from the lower judicial ranks. His name was held in high esteem.

He was an orthodox Brahmin and was used to take his bath in the Mylapore tank on important occasions and visit the local Shiva temple. One day, while bathing, he was accosted by a villager who had gone to madras in connection with some litigation in the High Court. The villager never knew that the person he was addressing was a Judge of the High Court.

"I have to perform my father's 'sradh' to-morrow, and I find that you are a pious Brahmin. Will you kindly officiate as one of the two Brahmins on whom the spirit of the dead might enter? I am not satisfied with the kind of Brahmins here. I have brought my own village priest and my own nephew will be the other."

JUDGE AS PRIEST.

Sir T. Muthuswami was taken aback, but it is a sign of orthodoxy not to draw back from such a call in the name of the spirits of the dead.

"I shall be happy to come, but," and he hesitated and faltered a little to say that he had to attend the Court and he ought to be there at 11 o'clock.

"That is exactly my own plight too," was the reply from the villager, "I have a litigation coming on at 11 to-morrow, and I have to be there too. So you will be able to be there in time. Do say 'yes' and relieve me of my anxiety, for I feel that you are good, and it would be my good luck to get your blessings."

It was done. The Judge of the Madras High Court was duly shown the house where the villager would expect him next morning. The villager was all the more struck with the respect with which, as they passed, his guest of to-morrow was held, for every one bowed to him and he returned the bow.

"You cannot realise how happy I am, that I saw you in the tank, for, I see that you are held in respect. The spirits of my ancestors would be blessed."

"I am a humble sinner myself, God knows, but I shall be in your house in time."

And next morning, he went and officiated at the 'Sradh' and very reverently received his precious 'Dakshina' of 4 annas, which was increased to eight annas by the villager. "For," said he, with great humility, "I am so happy, that I want you to accept the extra four annas."

Sir T. Muthuswami protested at first, but later, as the villager was insistent and would evidently be happy, if he received it, he did

At the High Court, the villager was standing by his lawyer, arranging the records.

"Silence"—rang the stentorian voice of the herald, who preceded with the silver stick, the Judge, as he walked up to the bench.

SURPRISE FOR VILLAGER.

The villager looked up and—gasped. On the bench sat the very Brahmin, who officiated as a priest for his 'Sradh' that very morning!!

The same gentleman was concerned in a railway incident, which in those days, were more common than now—alas, I wish I could say that such incidents were less common to-day.

INCIDENT AT OOTY.

It was Summer, and along with three of his European Colleagues, Sir T. Muthuswami Iyer was proceeding to the Madras Hill station, Ootacamund. The train leaves Madras in the evening and arrives at Ooty next noon.

Sir T. Muthuswami was in a first class compartment and he was sleeping, when, at dead of night, he was awakened: "You must leave the compartment and go to the next one, as this is to be reserved for a European gentleman, who is travelling with his wife."

The voice of the Anglo-Indian Station Master was needlessly rough—for the Indian looked rather old and worn out, and did not show 'fight.'

"Make haste, as the train cannot be held up. The European gentleman is waiting—Sir" said the Station Master, addressing the European gentleman, "you may board the compartment. I shall have the luggage removed at once."

"Let him come out first——" was the pompous reply of the officer, who swore once more against the Station Master for the inconvenience caused to his wife in having to stand on the platform.

Sir T. Muthuswami was hurried out of the compartment. He had no other first class carriage, as he did not like to board the compartment where his colleagues were travelling, lest they should be inconvenienced by the noise and bustle at dead of night.

So he coolly walked into a vacant second class.

"The railway will not pay the difference, as there are vacant first class seats," snapped the Station Master, but the gentleman said that he did not propose to call for a refund. He preferred travelling second to disturbing first class passengers.

"There is a rule, I think," said Sir T. Muthuswami, "that first class passengers should not be disturbed at night, is it not?"

But the European, who had boarded the first class with his wife gave the answer before the Station Master could: "That rule is surely not for Indians—it is only for Europeans."

"I see——then I am right in going to the second, because the gentlemen in the first class are all Europeans."

The incident was over and the train started.

NEXT MORNING.

Next morning at Podanur Junction, a wayside station, where the train stops a long time for the breakfast of the passengers. In those days the restaurant cars were not.

Three of the distinguished Judges of the High Court were walking up and down the platform looking into the first class compartment for their Indian colleague.

"I wonder, where he is——" said one of them, "he was in this compartment."

"Good morning, sir," and the European passenger hastily walked out of the compartment. It so happened that the European passenger, who had rudely disturbed Sir T. Muthuswami was a District Sessions Judge. He was also bound to Ootacamund with his wife.

"Good morning, Mr.——" said the High Court Judge, "I am sorry to disturb you. I was looking for Sir T. Muthuswami who was travelling in this compartment."

"Sir T. Muthuswami——!" and the District Judge almost collapsed. He confessed to all that had happened, also informed that Sir T. Muthuswami was occupying a second class berth.

"Nasty thing, that for you, old chap——" was all that his brother European could tell him, as he sought his Indian colleague in the second class. There, among four others who showed marked attention to him, and with the child of a fellow passenger on his lap, sat the man, whom three Judges of the High Court, followed at a distance by a sneaking European District Judge, were seeking.

"Good morning——" and Sir T. Muthuswami rose and came out, with the child in his hands.

Not a word of explanation as to why he was there escaped Sir T. Muthuswami, until one of his colleagues said: "Here is a miserable wretch, who is trembling in his shoes for the insult that he offered to you yester-night—he is Mr.——, District and Sessions Judge."

The fellow, pompous and proud yesterday, actually crept towards the great man in 'dhoti' and shirt.

"Good morning——" was all that he heard as his brain was reeling, to feel the hearty shake of his hands by the man whom he had insulted. "What is there to be sorry about? It is a railway incident only—all of us have to go through it. Forget it—only" he added with a smile, "you should not interpret law on the Bench as you interpreted the Railway rule yesterday, for the benefit of the Station Master."

"What was that——" was the chorus from his colleagues.

"That is between Mr.——— and me, and it shall be a secret, for, I know, that he will never again interpret it in that manner. Am I not right?"

The miserable man grinned and bowed. The incident was at an end.

"It was lucky for you that it was Sir T. Muthuswami; else the matter would have been serious."

"Why, it is serious still——" said the Chief Justice, "it is fellows like these that bring discredit on British Raj. What is the interpretation of the rule he was speaking about?"

The District and Session Judge explained.

"Bad, very bad—inexcusable. You had better resign before you are more seriously dealt with."

"No, no, I should be very unhappy, if you should take any action against Mr.——, because of what happened, and you may wait for some other occasion to uphold British prestige, and not run through my religious feelings. I am serious."

"Let it be so then," said the Chief Justice.

"And may my countrymen always knock against Muthuswamis when they are inclined to be beasts," added another of his colleagues.

PROUD YOUNG MAN.

It was Burdwan Station and the train had just pulled up. It was dead of night.

A fashionable young man, in hat and boots, was calling out "porter," "porter."—No response.

He started swearing against the Station Master and staff and the Railway Company, for neglecting the convenience of the passengers.

In vain—not a cooly could be had.

And the distinguished young man had a suit-case and a hold-all and his hat-box to carry!

He walked up and down the platform accosting all and sundry, but there was no cooly.

An elderly gentleman stopped as he was walking past and enquired why the young man was out of temper.

"Are they very heavy—do you think, I can take them?"

"Oh, yes," was the reply; the old man can surely take them.

"And I will give you two annas instead of one, if you will take them to the carriage stand."

The luggage was duly removed on the shoulders of the elderly man who declined to accept the wages.

"I was only helping one of my own children," he said, "and I do not want to be paid."

The young man was struck with the reply and thanked him most heartily.

Next evening! There was a lecture in the Town Hall by the great Pandit Ishwar Chander Vidyasagar. The young men were flocking and our fashionable young man was one of those to go early and take a front seat.

He had heard of the Great Pundit—who had not?

Cheers and acclamations—the Great Pandit was arriving. Flowers were thrown on him at the entrance. The entire audience rose and cheered until he ascended the platform literally covered by garlands.

And peering amidst the flowers, the unfortunate young man, just returned from London after his examination saw to his consternation, that the Great Pandit was no other than the "cooly" who carried his suit-case for him the previous day and had declined two annas!!

He was worried. After the lecture, this young man sought, the Pandit and threw himself at his feet.

"You have taught me more than I have ever learnt in London and Calcutta—may I be worthy of having known you."

"Son," was the reply, "I was sorry to see you so helpless, amidst your strength and youth to carry a small luggage which an old man can carry. Remember, there is nothing in the nature of work of which any child of God need be ashamed.

The young man learnt the lesson.

LUDICROUS IMITATION OF ENGLISH PLAYS

This Slavish Mentality Has Degenerated Urdu Drama To Mere Display Of Passions, Says Mr. Kunwar Sain

How the slavish imitation of popular English plays by Indian dramatists had harmed the growth of Urdu Drama was emphasised by Mr Kanwar Sain, a former Chief Justice of the Kashmir State High Court, during an addressed to the Lahore Rotary Club.

Outlining the growth of Urdu Drama, the speaker said that the first drama in Urdu was believed to be a translation of the now world renowned Sanskrit play, Shakuntala, brought out by a poet named Nawaz by the command of the Emperor Farukh Siyar. Whatever its defects might have been it was obvious that the Urdu drama came on the Indian Stage with the finest material for model and inspiration, and under the best of auspices; for in Shakuntala the art of dramatic composition and scenic representation may be said to have reached about the highest watermark in India, and after the passing away of Aurangzeb the splendour and magnificence, as well as the luxury and enjoyment of the Court of the Great Moghal continued to grow, for about a century.

WHAT A MONARCH!

During the reign of Muhammad Shah, popularly known as Rangila Badshah (the Merry Monarch) no literary drama worth the name was written or played, although there was no dearth of comical farces played by professional clowns for the amusement of the King and his countries. Such indeed, was the fondness of this Merry Monarch for pleasure and enjoyment that it is said that the unopposed march of Nadir Shah as far as Ambala could not be broken to him by anybody but his ministers of pleasure, and that, too, in the course of a humourous dialogue.

Continuing Mr. Kanwar Sain said that the regime of Wajid Ali Shah, Nawab of Oudh, would be remembered as a landmark in the history of Indian Art in decadence. In this period of opulence and luxury, effeminacy, vulgar imitation and artistic degeneracy was in full swing in music, poetry, painting, sculpture and architecture alike.

INDER SABHA.

"Indar Sabha", a musical comedy in Urdu, which was written and produced at this time was however an exception. There was nothing extraordinary about the play, for whether judged by the old canons of Sanskrit Drama or by the new standard of modern European Drama "Indar Sabha" must be reckoned as holding a very low place. Yet the success which the play met was phenomenal. Not only in Lucknow but wherever there was a stage, "Indar Sabha" was sure to be played, and it would attract crowded audiences. It was bound to be appreciated by the Nawab of Oudh and his courtiers, for whom it was originally written, and whose Court received in this place an indirect compliment of being a counterpart on earth of the "Indar Sabha of Heaven." Its popularity with the public, however, was due perhaps to the fact about that time theatres were opened in big towns in imitation of English theatres.

LUDICROUS EFFECT.

The great disadvantage that Urdu Drama suffered was the slavish imitation of popular English plays. The effect was most ludicrous, and the love of the Hero and Herione was little above the passion of youth for beauty—a passion wild and strong which became clandestine, rushing the lover headlong into vicious crime. With very few exceptions the farces and comic interludes were but vulgar burlesques of a low order. All the higher qualities of dramatic art, refinement in thought and delicacy of expression, restraint and economy of speech and action and the gradual development of the plot were sadly lacking in most of these plays.

A CHANGE.

A few years after the beginning of the 20th Century a change appeared to have come over both the character and quality of Urdu Drama. The post-Victorian Urdu Drama stood out in striking contrast to its predecessor, the former marking to the speaker's mind a distinct improvement. For one thing the subjects were more varied and interesting, for they covered a wide range from myth and fiction to ancient Indian religious epic and dramatic literature and history. Secondly, the general moral tone was superior and the language more chaste. Thirdly, the plot was more complex, developed gradually and culminated in denuement.

The "Mahabharat" of "Betab" was one of the best Urdu dramas. It created a sensation wherever it was staged, and still held the field as one of the best Urdu plays.

In conclusion Rai Bahadur Kanwar Sain said that Urdu Drama had showed signs of vigorous growth and development. Men of light and learning would surely recognise in it a powerful instrument for the uplift of the people and the next wave of dramatic composition was likely to be historico-political as it had been he understood, in Persia, one of the oldest backward countries from dramatic standoint.

Historical dramas like the King Henry's of Shakespeare were yet to be written in India. Through and after these perhaps, would in course of time, arise the true romantic drama. Then and only then would Urdu Drama take its rightful place by the side of the best productions of the world.—A. P.

"SIMPLY UNSPEAKABLE"

Free Church Divine Denounces London's Touring Plays And Revues

"Simply unspeakable," was one of many strong phrases used in condemnation of certain plays and revues going on tour from London, when the Rev. T. W Roff, of the Crossway Mission, addressed the Congregational Spring Assembly at the Memorial Hall in mail week.

"It is my fortune or misfortune to be identified with the Stage Plays Committee of the Public Morality Council," he said, "on whose behalf I have approached Lord Cromer, the Lord Chamberlain.,

"We are finding it in London almost a hopeless business to trend, in regard to the stage par-stem the steady and determined ticularly, towards a kind of thing that is simply unspeakable. There is no mild language that can describe it.

"I wonder whether many of our people within our churches realise that we have actually had in the last two years a new type of girl appearing on the stage of London theatres.

"I make a very strong appeal that everything that can be done in the great towns will be done to support those who feel that these productions should be prevented from going on tour.

"There are certainly plays and revues going on tour from London and travelling in the provinces which I say, without hesitation, are to the last extent dangerous for young fellows and girls. They make not merely in appeal, but a blatant appeal, to the very worst impulses."

Joan Hudson, aged eight, of Baltimore, Maryland, is the world's youngest licensed wireless operator. She can transmit messages in morse code at twenty words a minute, an dobtained 80 marks out of 100 in the official-efficiency test.

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Weekly Stock Report

Lewis And Jones

Bombay, June 1.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Easier conditions have obtained on the Stock Exchange this week. In 3-1/2 per cent Government Paper particularly, the turnover is much reduced and speculators for the present appear to take little interest. The price of 3-1/2 per cent Government Paper has fluctuated between Rs. 81/9 and 79/13, closing to-day at Rs. 81/2. Calcutta appear to be rather more sellers than buyers, and a good deal of the investment enquiry on this side has been satisfied from that source. 4 per cent 1948 bonds changed hands at Rs. 100/6. 5 per cent 1940-43 were done at Rs. 104/12, whilst the new 3-1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan has been taken from Rs. 91/12 to Rs. 92/2. Buyers' requirements of the latter scrip is still easily satisfied.

The tone of the market in India Sterling Stocks appears to be slightly better, the 3-1/2 per cent Loan having improved to £81-14. Movements in Rupee Paper here appear to be more or less governed for the present by London. Easy money conditions prevail and should redundancy continue we believe that prices of Government Securities will improve.

This week's allotment of 3 months' Treasury Bills was made at an average rate of Rs. 1/3 per cent.

The Imperial Bank of India Rate is unchanged at 3-1/2 per cent.

Closing prices of Securities are as follows:—

SECURITIES.		MARKET PRICES. 25th May	1st June		Redmn. Yield.
3-1/2 p.c. Govt. Paper (Taxable)		81-12	81- 2	.....	4.31
3-1/2 p.c. 1947/50	,,	92- 8	92- 2	.....	4.15
4 p.c. Conversion Loan	,,	100- 0	100- 0	.....	
4 p.c. 1934/37	,,	100-12	100-12	.....	3.82
4 p.c. 1943	,,	100- 6	100- 6	.....	3.95
4 p.c. 1960/70	,,	94-12	94- 2	.....	4.32
4-1/2 p.c. 1934	,,	100-11	101-12	.....	3.30
4-1/2 p.c. 1955/60	,,	102- 8	102- 0	.....	4.37
5 p.c. 1935	,,	103- 4	103- 6	.....	3.58
5 p.c. 1940/43	,,	104-15	104-12	.....	4.43
5 p.c. 1939/44	,,	104- 7	104- 6	.....	4.51
5-1/2 p.c. 1938/40	,,	106- 6	106- 6	.....	4.49
6 p.c. 1933/36	,,	100- 9	100- 9	.....	
6½ p.c Treasury Bonds 1935	,,	106- 6	106- 5	.....	3.83
5 p.c. 1933	(Taxfree)	100- 9	100- 9	.....	
5 p.c. 1945/55	,,	109-13	109-10	.....	3.33
6-1/2 p.c. Bom. Dev. Loan	,,	106- 8	106-10	.....	3.70

COTTON MILLS.

For the most part of this week's session, the tendency has been easy, speculators showing little interest. As a result, however, of a report that the Home Government intend taking action in respect of Japanese piece-goods imports into the Colonies, a better feeling was in evidence to-day and prices of Cotton Mill shares show improvement.

Bombay Dyeings have been to the fore with a rise to Rs. 806/14 Gokaks were done around Rs. 123 and Simplex have further improved to Rs. 92/8.

There is a better speculative enquiry for local Mill Cloth, but at prices which show very little profit to the Mills. So far the price of piece-goods generally shows no tendency to improve. We quote:

Ahmedabad Adv.	322	8	0
Apollo	0	12	0
Bombay Dyeing	806	14	0
Century Mills	258	12	0
Central India	336	4	0
Colaba	83	2	0
Crescent	58	12	0
Currimbhoy	54	0	0
Dawn Mills	460	0	0
E. D. Sassoon	0	3	6
Eb. Pabaney	96	4	0
Ed. Sassoon	7	0	0
Elphinstone	2	0	0
Fazulbhoy	359	6	0
Finlay	90	0	0
Gokak	123	0	0
Hindustan	1820	0	0
Ind. Manfg.	1650	0	0
Indore Malwa	370	0	0
Kastoorchand	6	6	0
Khatau	75	0	0
Kohinoor	165	0	0
Lakshmi	850	0	0
Madhavji	7	8	0
M. Sassoon	9	12	0
Morarji	490	0	0
Model Nagpur	61	4	0
Mysore	102	8	0
New City	35	0	0
New Great	138	12	0
Pearl	190	0	0
Phoenix	328	12	0
Premier	0	8	0
Sassoon Silk	43	0	0
Sassoon Spg.	4	8	0
Sholapur	3325	0	0
Shapurji	5	0	0
Simplex	92	8	0
Swadesh	236	14	0
Swan	60	0	0
Tata Mill	17	0	0
Vishnu	1580	0	0

MISCELLANEOUS.

To-day's quotations, on the whole, show a decline as compared with last week's closing prices, and business has been on a smaller scale than for some time past. In a number of cases, however, to-day's quotations show a recovery from the lowest touched during the week, and exceptionally Belapurs and Tata Iron & Steel issues remain a firm spot. It is understood that the Ordinary shares of the Belapur Co., Tata Power Co. and Tata Iron & Steel 2nd Preference will be shortly admitted to the 'Forward' List.

RAILWAY SHARES.

Quotations are practically unchanged on the week. Amritsar-Pattis were done at Rs. 111 and Mymensingh Rebates at Rs. 84. In most counters in this section there are still very few sellers about. We quote:

Ahmd.-Prantej	785	0	0
Amritsar-Patti	111	0	0
Central Prov.	84	0	0
Dhond Baramati	77	8	0
Guzerat	61	0	0
Hoshiarpur	80	0	0
Larkhana	81	0	0
Mandra	73	0	0
Mymen. Rebate	84	0	0
do. G'tee	82	8	0
Pachora	61	8	0
Sara Sirajganj	81	0	0
Sialkot	90	0	0
Sind Light	43	8	0
Tapti Valley	676	4	0
Upper S. Light	80	12	0

BANKS.

Imperial Banks have eased to Rs. 1207/8 and Rs. 288/12 respectively. India Banks and Baroda Banks changed hands around Rs. 102/4 and Rs. 84/8 respectively, whilst Central Banks are lower at Rs. 21/14. A small lot of Eastern Banks changed hands at Rs. 71. We quote:

Imperial F. Pd.	1207	8	0
do. P. Pd.	288	12	0
Bank of Baroda	84	8	0
Bank of India	102	4	0
B. P. Co-op. Bank	58	8	0
Central Bank	21	14	0
Eastern Bank	71	0	0
Union Bank	4	2	0

CEMENT SHARES.

Bundis at one time fell to Rs. 22/6 but recovered sharply to Rs. 23 with buyers at the price. There has been a better enquiry for Cement shares which we think will improve shortly. We quote:—

Bundi	23	0	0
Gwalior Cement	66	0	0
Indian Cement	251	4	0
Katni Ord.	260	0	0
do. 1st Pref.	115	0	0
do. 2nd Pref.	127	4	0
do. Defd.	960	0	0
P. P. Cement Ord.	13	8	0
do. Pref.	13	0	0
Shahabad Cement	269	6	0
United Cement	55	0	0

TATA IRON & STEEL.

Tata Iron issues have maintained a very steady appearance, the tendency being upward. A good business has been done to in the 2nd Preference shares, upon which the arrears of interest now amount to about Rs. 67. We quote:—

Tata Iron & Steel ord.	51	10	0
do. Defd.	220	0	0
Tata Iron Steel:			
1st Pref.	151	14	0
2nd Pref.	82	8	0

ELECTRIC SUPPLY.

Although a good enquiry exists in most shares in this section, buyers are unable to obtain their requirements owing to lack of sellers. Exceptionally, Bombay Suburbans are on offer at Rs. 127/8. We quote:—

Ahmedabad Elec.	128	2	0
Ajmer	8	14	0
Bombay Suburban	127	8	0
Hyderabad Elec.	170	0	0
Poona Elec.	185	0	0
Karachi Elec.	185	0	0
Surat Elec. O.	157	8	0
do. new Rs. 50 pd.	80	0	0
do. Pref.	127	8	0

HYDRO-ELECTRICS.

The Ordinary shares of the three Hydro Electric Companies have been marked down during the week. There still appears to be signs of selling pressure in Andhra Valley Ordinaries and Tata Power Ordinaries, and the tendency is uncertain. A small lot of Tata Power Preferences changed hands at Rs. 1247/8, but otherwise in spite of good enquiry, business is retarded owing to lack of sellers. Andhra Valley 6 per cent Debentures were done yesterday at Rs. 107/4, whilst there is a good demand for Hydro 6 per cent Debentures at Rs. 107/8. We quote:—

Andhra Valley Ord.	1376	4	0
Andhra Pref.	125	0	0
Tata Hydro Ord.	145	0	0
do. Pref.	118	12	0
do. 6 p.c. Debs.	107	8	0
Tata Power Ord.	920	0	0
do. Pref.	1247	8	0

Bombay Tram Ordinaries close at Rs. 130/15 with the Preference shares easier at Rs. 74.

Bombay Telephone Ordinaries have improved to Rs. 76/8 after touching Rs. 75.

Bombay Burmah Trading shares show a decline on the week and close at Rs. 456/14 and Rs. 151/4 respectively.

Belapurs having seen business up to Rs. 192/8, are now quoted at Rs. 190 buyers.

Indian Radio Ordinary have small sellers at Rs. 402/8, but the Deferreds are asked for at Rs. 390.

Shipping Shares. Bombay Steam Ordinary are quoted slightly lower at Rs. 280/10 with the Preferences unchanged at Rs. 258/12. Scindias are a shade easer a Rs. 11/14.

Insurance: Small lots of New Indias are on offer at Rs. 23, as are Oriental and Empire at Rs. 2,650 and Rs. 1,900 respectively.

Engineering: Alcock Ashdowns have declined to Rs. 169/6. Constructions quoting Rs. 58/8 and MacKenzies Rs. 61/4 with no business.

Why allow
FLATULENCE
to victimise you?
this most distressing form of indigestion can be
relieved in 20 minutes
now by
Normo-Gastrine
THE WONDERFUL NEW ANTACID
Hundreds of men and women have proved its wonderful properties and cured themselves of Flatulence, Nausea, Heartburn and other unpleasant forms of Indigestion due to stomach acidity.
Bismuth, Magnesia and Bicarbonate of Soda are good, but are now surpassed by NORMO-GASTRINE, which cures without causing the secondary symptoms of fulness and distension, and so is recommended by medical men all over the world. Try it to-day.
Of all Chemists and Dealers.
BURROUGHS, WELLCOME & CO. Ltd.
LONDON, E.6. Manufacturing Chemists. Est. 1741.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

New York, June 3.

July 1933	9.01
October 1933	9.25
December 1933	9.41
January 1934	9.47
March 1934	9.64
Middling Spot	9.10

NEW ORLEANS.

New York, June 3.

May	
July	8.96
October	9.22
Middling Spot	8.96
New York, 10.55 a.m. July	
October	Closed
New York noon call, July	
October	Closed

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, June 3.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	8,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	Nil
Day's Exports to the Continent	10,000

THE SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, June 3.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Castorseeds delivery September.—Opening Rs. 31/2; lowest Rs. 31; closing Rs. 31/6.

Groundnut seeds delivery August.—Opening Rs. 34/3; highest Rs. 34/5; lowest Rs. 33/13; closing Rs. 34/6.

ANGLO-JAPANESE TRADE FOR 1932

Exports And Imports Total 30 Per Cent. Of Overseas Commerce

Japan's exports to and imports from Great Britain and its colonies for the 1932 totalled 426,553,000 yen and 423,032,000 yen respectively, according to official announcement issued by the Department of Commerce and Industry, Japan.

Both exports and imports occupy approximately 30 per cent of the total figures for Japan's oversea trade. Exports show an elaborate increase of 116,000,000 yen, and imports also indicate an appreciation of 37,000,000 yen as against the figures for the previous year.

Considerable exports were made especially to British India, Aden, Egypt, East Africa, Australia and elsewhere. This unusual phenomenon is, in the main, accounted for the voluminous shipments of cotton cloths due to the slackened yen exchange value.

Figures in detail tabulated as follows:

EXPORTS FROM JAPAN
(In 1,000 yen)

	1932	1931
Great Britain	59,658	51,870
Hongkong	18,041	36,754
British India	192,492	110,367
Straits Settlements	25,549	19,119
Aden	8,302	4,809
Canada	8,562	13,067
Egypt	41,877	22,829
Union of South Africa	16,418	19,282
East Africa	15,760	10,867
Australia	36,895	18,405
New Zealand	2,993	1,967
Total	426,553	310,637
Exports of Cotton Cloths from Japan.		
Hongkong	3,755	9,765
British India	80,654	49,866
Straits Settlements	11,229	5,213
Egypt	27,069	14,957
Union of South Africa	5,338	5,451
Australia	4,875	2,857
New Zealand	181	94
Imports to Japan		
Great Britain	78,760	63,335
Hongkong	977	499
British India	116,865	133,165
Straits Settlements	25,338	21,858
Aden	1	22
Canada	39,505	35,673
Egypt	19,788	13,568
Union of South Africa	2,636	1,333
East Africa	3,414	2,263
Australia	134,277	113,337
New Zealand	1,471	1,440

STERLING SHARE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, June 2.

Messrs. Forbes and Lund have received the following quotations by special cablegram from their Agents in London to-day:—

Name of Company	Latest prices £	s.	d.
Assam Bengal Railway Ordy. Stock	74	0	0
Attock Oil Co. Ltd.	0	10	6
Bengal Iron 7-1/2 p.c. Preference	0	6	9
Bengal-Nagpur Rly. Ord. Stock	86	0	0
Burma Corporation Ltd.	0	13	9
Calcutta Tramways (Ordy.)	1	1	6
Canadian Eagle Oil Co.	0	6	3
De Havilland Aircraft Co. Ltd.	1	1	6
East Indian Distilleries & S. F. Ord.	1	5	0
Eastern Bank Ltd.	5	12	6
Hongkong & Shanghai Bankg. Corpn.	127	0	0
Imperial Airways Ltd. Ord.	1	8	6
Indian Copper Corporation (Ord.)	0	2	3
Indian Iron and Steel 7-1/2 p.c. Debs.	93	0	0
London and Rhodesian Mining & Land	0	4	0
Nitrate Railway (Ord.)	2	8	6
Rangoon Electric Tram. & S. Ord.	1	15	0
Shahdara Saharanpur L. Rly. 4-1/2 p.c. Deb.	77	0	0
Tata Iron and Steel 7 p.c. Debentures	109	0	0
Tata Power 7-1/2 p.c. 'B' Debs.	107	10	0
Great Western Rly. Ord. Stock	39	0	0
Cables & Wireless 7-1/2 p.c. Ord. A Stock	25	15	0
Canadian Pacific Rly. Com. Stock	$17.75		
Lon. Mid. & Scot. Rly. 4 p.c. Pref. 1923	25	15	0
San Paulo Coffee 7-1/2 p.c. (1926)	56	0	0

Remarks:—Calcutta Trams ex-div.

The public library at Leningrad, Russia, is the largest library in the world. According to a comparative table issued by the American Library Association, it contains 4,832,000 books and 332,000 pamphlets. The British Museum contains about 3,200,000 printed books.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

Statement of the affairs of the Bank, as on the 26th May, 1933:

LIABILITIES.

Subscribed capital	11,25,00,000
Capital paid up	5,62,50,000
Reserve	5,17,50,000
Public deposits	6,59,14,000
Other deposits	74,80,91,000
Sundries	1,45,58,000
Total rupees	93,65,63,000
The above balance sheet include	
Deposit in London	£901,100
Advances and Investments in London	£988,400
Cash and balances at other Banks in London	£140,000
Percentage	25.34
Bank rate	3-1/2 p.c.

ASSETS.

Government securities	37,69,59,000
Other authorized securities under the Act	1,22,12,000
Ways and Means Advances to the Government of India	4,00,00,000
Loans	3,65,28,000
Cash credits	19,18,13,000
Inland bills discounted and purchased	3,22,44,000
Foreign bills discounted and purchased	21,99,000
Dead stock	2,63,09,000
Sundries	69,09,00
Balances with other Banks	13,54,000
Total	72,65,27,000
Cash	21,00,36,000
Total Rupees	93,65,63,000

LIABILITIES.

Public deposits Rs.	70,70,000 Increase.
Other deposits Rs.	55,32,000 Increase.

ASSETS.

Banks investments Rs	7,91,000 Decrease.
Loans Rs.	27,70,000 Decrease.
Cash credits Rs.	4,46,000 Increase.
Bills Discounted and purchased Rs.	10,23,000 increase.
Cash Rs.	1,46,13,000 increase.
Percentage	25.34.

LONDON SILVER.

London, June 3.

Silver.—Offering small.	
Spot	19-7/16
Forward	19-1/2

LONDON GOLD.

London, June 3.

Gold Bars Fine per oz.	£6/2/4

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate	0-1/2 p.c. to 0-1/2 p.c.
Bank Bills 6 months market rate	3-3/4 p.c. to 0-3/4 p.c.
Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate	2 p.c.
Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate	2-1/2 p.c. to 3 p.c.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, June 3.

T T London on:—	
Berlin	14.50
Amsterdam	9.41
Brussels	24.29
Madrid	39.59
Milan	65.21
Berne	17.51
Paris	85.96
Prague	113.50
T T London on New York	
Closing Cross Rate	4.00-7/8
Interest Day to Day Loan	0-1/4 pc
Interest 7 Days' market Loan	0-3/8 p.c.

The rest all Closed To-day.—Reuter.

WEEKLY BULLION LETTER

(SAMUEL MONTAGU CO.)

LONDON, May 17.

GOLD.

The Bank of England gold reserve against notes amounted to £185,988,501 on the 10th instant, as compared with £185,988,164 on the previous Wednesday

No purchases of gold have been announced by the Bank of England during the week.

In the open market, moderate amounts of bar gold have been available daily and have been readily absorbed by the Continent. The demand continued keen and prices ruled well above franc parity.

Quotations during the week:—

	per fine ounce.	Equivalent value of £ Sterling.
May 11th	123s/6d.	13s/9.09d
May 12th	123s/3d.	13s/9.43d.
May 13th	123s/6d.	13s/9.09d.
May 15th	123s/3d.	13s/9.43d.
May 16th	123s/-	13s/9.76d.
May 17th	124s/-	13s/8.43d.
Average	123s/5.00d.	13s/9.20d.

The following were the United Kingdom imports and exports of gold registered from mid-day on the 8th instant to mid-day on the 15th instant —

IMPORTS.

Germany	£ 301,279
Netherlands	3,417,907
Belgium	63,400
France	1,222,845
Switzerland	163,880
Iraq	22,289
British South Africa	1,316,039
British India	561,767
British Malaya	39,642
Australia	112,017
Canada	645,025
British West Africa	62,350
U. S. A.	25,980
Other countries	18,961
	£7,871,390

EXPORTS.

Italy	£ 29,960
Netherlands	402,747
Belgium	1,100
France	74,323
Switzerland	29,373
Austria	24,745
Czechoslovakia	17,265
Poland	2,400
	£581,913

The s.s. "Strathaird" which left Bombay on the 13th instant carries gold to the value of about £898,000; of this £600,000 is consigned to London. £238,000 to Amsterdam and £60,000 to New York.

The Transvaal gold output for April last amounted to 895,097 fine ounces, as compared with 946,863 fine ounces for March 1933 and 949,796 fine ounces for April 1932.

SILVER.

The market developed an easier tendency during the past week prices declining from 19.1/16d. for cash and 19.1/8d. for two months quoted on the 11th instant, to 18.3/16d. and 18.1/4d. for the respective deliveries yesterday.

With the pressure from America easing, the market could offer little resistance to some moderate sales from the Continent, the demand from the Indian Bazaars and Speculators being insufficient to offset offerings. Although towards the end of the week the decline in the New York quotation caused free selling, on some afternoons, the price there fluctuated sufficiently to attract buying also from the same quarter.

Following firmer advices from New York, there was a sharp reaction here to-day, but, as regards the outlook, it seems probable that silver, in common with other markets, may be influenced to a large extent by developments in the general political situation.

The following were the United Kingdom imports and exports of silver registered from mid-day on the 8th instant to mid-day on the 15th instant:—

IMPORTS.

Germany	£39,690
Netherlands	22,120
Belgium	3,000
British South Africa	3,069
British India	12,806
Australia	15,719
Other countries	2,871
	£99,275

EXPORTS.

Germany	£ 6,225
France	1,938
Canada	2,208
Other countries	4,049
	£14,423

Quotations during the week:—

IN LONDON.

	Bar Silver per oz. std. Cash delivery.	Two months delivery.
May 11th	19.1/16d.	19.1/8d.
May 12th	19d.	19.1/16d.
May 13th	18.5/8d.	18.5/8d.
May 15th	18.1/4d.	18.5/16d.
May 16th	18.3/16d.	18.1/4d.
May 17th	19d.	19.1/16d.
Average	18.687d.	18.740d.

IN NEW YORK.

(per ounce .999 fine).

May 10th	34.5/8 cents.
May 11th	34.3/4 ,,
May 12th	34. ,,
May 13th	33.13/16 ,,
May 15th	32.5/16 ,,
May 16th	33.1/4 ,,

The highest rate of exchange on New York recorded during the period from the 11th instant to the 17th instant was dol. 4.00, and the lowest dol., 3.87.3/4.

INDIAN CURRENCY RETURNS.

In lacs of rupees	May 7	Apr. 30	Apr. 22
Notes in Circulation	17,585	17,666	17,636
Silver coin and Bullion in India	11,044	11,158	11,128
Gold coin and bullion in India	2,626	2,626	2,612
Securities (Indian Govt.)	3,915	3,892	3,896

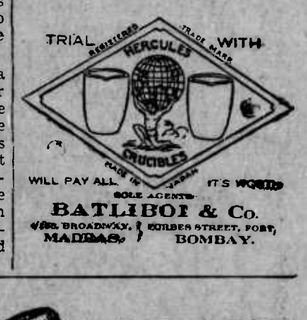
The stocks in Shanghai on the 13th instant consisted of about 143,400,000 ounces in sycee, 250,000,000 dollars and 8,760 silver bars, as compared with about 150,000,000 ounces in sycee, 245,000,000 dollars and 8,460 silver bars on the 6th instant.

AMERICAN WEEKLY COTTON SATISTICS

NEW YORK, June 2.

	SEASON TO DATE	THIS WEEK	CORRESPONDING SEASON 1931/32	CORRESPONDING WEEK 1932	BALES
Total in sight (Excluding Linters)	12,619	124	14,331	68	,,
Forwarded to American Mills, including Canada and other America, (excluding linters)	5,038	139	4,794	43	,,
Exports from U. S. Ports	7,253	183	8,043	112	,,
Of which to Japan	1,452	24	2,176	37	,,
Of which to China	251	1	985	3	,,
Of which to G. B.	1,249	41	1,235	28	,,
Of which to Germany	1,681	53	1,488	15	,,
Stock at New York	.....	198	.....	204	,,
Stock at U. S. Ports	.....	3,879	.....	3,801	,,
Stock at U. S. Interior Towns	.....	1,521	.....	1,525	,,
World's visible supply	.....	9,674	.....	9,585	,,
Of which American Cotton	.....	7,710	.....	7,561	,,
Forwarded to world's Mills (excluding linters)	11,704	294	11,964	177	,,
Receipts at U. S. Ports	8,320	94	9,720	65	,,

N. B.—ALL FIGURES ARE IN THOUSANDS.



CITY AND SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu—Jeth Shud 12, 1989.
Muslim—Saffar 13, 1452.
Parsi—Deh 2, 1302.
Sunrise—6h. 1m.
Sunset—7h. 14m.
Hightide—9-34; 21-09.
Lowtide—2-48; 15-18.
PHASES OF THE MOON.—Full moon 8th June, 10h. 35m. a.m. Last Quarter 15th June. New Moon 23rd June 6h. 52m. a.m. First Quarter 1st July 3h. 10m. a.m.

Result of Intermediate Examination in Arts. University Buildings, 3 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, June 7.

Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m

THURSDAY, June 8.

Welfare of India League, adjourned general meeting, Corporation Hall, 6 p.m.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

EXCELSIOR:—"Nagana". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p. m.
CAPITOL:—"The Son-Daughter". Daily at 6-30 and 10 P. M.
CARLTON:—"As You Desire Me". Daily at 6-30 and 10 P. M.
PATHE:—"If I Had A Million" Daily at 3-30; 6-30 and 10 P. M.
WEST-END:—"Puran Bhakta." Daily at 5-15; 8 and 10-30 P. M.
ROXY: "The Midshipmaid" Daily at 6-30 and 10 P. M.
MAJESTIC CINEMA:—"Sinhgad" Daily 5; 7-45 and 10 P. M.
IMPERIAL CINEMA:—"Saubhagya Sundari." Time as usual.
KRISHNA CINEMA:—"Hatamtai". Daily at 5-30; 8 and 10-30 P. M.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

(Midday Session.)

EUROPEAN PROGRAMME.

1-0 p. m. Time Signal.

STUDIO SELECTIONS.

Calcutta Weather Bulletins for oceancraft and rivercraft (if any.)

INDIAN PROGRAMME.

2-00 p. m. Educational Broadcast for school students by Nripen Chatterjee. The controversy about the identity of Chandi Das.

2-30 p. m. Latest market quotations. Indian Ladies' Hour by Bishnu Sarma.

3-30 p. m. Time Signal.

(Evening Session.)

INDIAN PROGRAMME

7-00 p. m. Time Signal.

Talk: Breeding and feeding of cattle. Some common insect-pests on main crops and their remedies.

7-30 p. m. Urdu Songs. Mastan Gama; Usharany.

8-0 p. m. SB Mohammad Hossain

8-30 p. m. SB Instrumental Music Chhotay Khan—Sarengee solo.

8-50 p. m. SB Weather Forecast, General News Bulletin, Market Prices, Jute and Gunny Closing Rates. (In Bengali.)

9-5 p. m. SB Weather Forecast, General News Bulletin, Market Prices, Jute and Gunny Closing Rates. (In Hindi.)

EUROPEAN PROGRAMME

9-15 p. m. SB Weather Forecast, General News Bulletin, Market Prices, Jute and Gunny Closing Rates. (In English).

INDIAN PROGRAMME

9-30 p. m. SB Bengali Songs. Master Mantu.

9-45 p. m. SB Instrumental Music Jagannath Dey.

10-0 p. m. SB Bengali Songs. Binapany

10-15 p. m. SB Instrumental Music. Nripen Mazumdar—clarinet solo.

10-30 p. m. SB Time Signal. God Save the King Emperor.

AN ORIENTAL PICTURE FOR YOU!

THE CAPITOL

Bombay's Leading Talkie House

TO-NIGHT AT 6-30 & 10 P. M

A Love Story to Challenge the Greatest Romances!

Two ☆ Beloved ☆ Stars!

HELEN HAYES

Ramon NOVARRO

THE SON-DAUGHTER

with WARNER OLAND AND LEWIS STONE

HEAR RAMON NOVARRO AND HELEN HAYES SING!

ENTIRELY IN TECHNICOLOR

EXTRA! MUSICAL REVUE with CHORUS EXTRA!

EACH FATEFUL DROP MEANT A MILLION DOLLARS!

You've Dreamed It!... Now See It Come True!

PATHE

DAILY 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

FEWER DEATH FROM CHOLERA & PLAGUE

Small Pox Still Rampant In Entire Presidency

The Presidency cholera figures for the week ending 27th May are 197 attacks and 97 deaths against 214 attacks and 101 deaths in the previous week. Sholapur district reported 111 attacks and 49 deaths against 79-35 in the previous week; Ahmednagar 34-20 against 109-53; Kolaba 23-18 against 3-2; East Khandesh 5-1 against 2-1; Belgaum 9-4 against 3-1; Nasik 9-3 against 14-6; Bijapur 6-0 against 1-1; Larkana 1-1 against nil and Bombay City 1-1 against 1-1.

PLAGUE CASES.

In the presidency excluding Sind there were in all 96 attacks and 47 deaths against 51-30 in the previous week. The returns by districts including town circles were as follows:—Belgaum 29 attacks and 15 deaths against 12-9; Bijapur 27-9 against 20-9; Dharwar 26-15 against 6-4; Thana 6-4 against 1-1; Poona 2-1 against 2-3; Satara 3-1 against nil; and Kanara 3-2 against 4-2.

SMALL-POX CONTAGION

The following is the extent of the prevalence of small-pox in the presidency by districts including town circles during the week:—Kolaba 127 attacks and 19 deaths; Ratnagiri 49-9; Kanara 104-25; Satara 82-9; Sholapur 59-12; Poona 31-5; Ahmednagar 14-3; Thana 17-3; Surat 9-3; Nasik 11-3; Belgaum 20-1; Dharwar 48-5; Bijapur 6-0; Kaira 3-0; Karachi 14-8; Larkana 1-0; Nawabshah 28-6; Sukkur 16-4; Hyderabad 4-2; Thar and Parkar 10-1; Dadu 17-1; Upper Sind, Frontier 10-1 add Bombay City 47-30. Total 727 attacks and 150 deaths against 864-144 in the previous week.

EMPIRE BROADCASTING

G. M. T. 1-30 p. m. Time Signal from Big Ben. News Bulletin.

1-45 p. m. Concert by the Midland Studio Orchestra, directed by Frank Cantell, from a Birmingham Studio.

2-0 p. m. A Sonata Recital by Bernard Shore (viola); and Angus Morrison (pianoforte.)

2-30 p. m. Textiles and the Empire: Making the best of our Raw Materials, a talk by Mr. Albert Abbott, C.B.E.

2-45 p. m. The B. B. C. Dance Orchestra, directed by Henry Hall.

8-30 p.m. Concert by the Scottish Studio Orchestra, directed by Guy Daines, from an Edinburgh studio.

4-15 p. m. The B. B. C. Dance Orchestra, directed by Henry Hall.

5-0 p. m. A Sports Talk.

5-15—5-30 p. m. News Bulletin.

BUTTER MANUFACTURERS' ASSN.: A general meeting of the Association will be held to-morrow (Tuesday) at the Globe Dairy Co. at 3-30 P. M.

THE GATHA SOCIETY.

A meeting of the Gatha Society will be held to-morrow (Tuesday) at 6 p.m. (S. T.) at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute's Hall, (Ravelin Street, Hornby Road, Fort). Mr. Khodabax Edalji Punegar, B. A., will deliver an exposition of Gatha Ahunavaiti Chapter II (Yasna Ha 29.) Strophes 7-9.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Parcels for Germany direct per S. S. "Birkenfels" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 p.m. on 6th June 1933.

Mails from Australia via Dhanushkodi for Bombay are due here on Monday, the 5th inst.

Superscribed Mails for Laurenzo Marquis and South Africa per extra s.s. "Gujarat" via Dhanushkodi and Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 6-30 p.m. on Wednesday, the 7th inst.

THE MODERN CO-EDUCATION SCHOOL

Conducted by MALE AND FEMALE TEACHERS opens to-day. Stds. I to VII. Also SPECIAL CLASS for completing studies of the first three standards in one year. THOSE WHO HAVE NOT BEEN PROMOTED TO HIGHER CLASSES IN OTHER SCHOOLS, WILL BE ADMITTED TO HIGHER STANDARDS AND INDIVIDUAL ATTENTION WILL BE GIVEN TO BRING THEM TO THE REQUIRED STANDARD.

Place: Kothari Building, Premises of the Bradley Night School, Thakurdwar.

PRINCIPAL.

KASHMIR BRANCH OF A. I. S. A.

Sale Branch Will Be Opened At Pahlgam

The Secretary of the Kashmir Branch of the All-India Spinners Association writes:

The Kashmir Branch of the All-India Spinners' Association will open a Sale Branch at Pahlgam 60 miles from Srinagar in the first week of June.

Pahlgam is the best sanitorium in Kashmir for the Indians. It is situated at 7200ft above sea level and 2000ft above Srinagar. It is renowned for its invigorating climate, grand forests of beautiful pine trees and digestive spring water. The Sheshnag and Kolahi streams meet here and give the place a wonderful grandeur.

Most of the visitors who do not like to stay in Srinagar but wish to recoup the health and gain mental calmness go direct to Pahlgam and camp there.

For the facility of such visitors the branch is opened. The rates of all handspun and handwoven Woollens and Pashminas will be the same as these at the central Store at Srinagar.

INDO-GERMAN CULTURAL CONTACT

Scholarships For Advanced Studies

India Institute of the Deutsche Akademie announces the Award of new Scholarships for the Academic Year 1933/34 to the following Indian graduate students who are to carry on higher studies in various German Universities and institutes.

1. Mr. B N Sharma, M.B., B.Sc., of Lucknow Medical College and former Assistant Surgeon at the Lucknow University Hospital, at present working at the University Hospital in Vienna. Bedlin, St. Hedwigs Hospital.

2. Mr. B K Palit, M.Sc., University of Wisconsin and M.D., Washington University, St. Louis, at present practising surgery at a Chicago hospital.

3. Mr. H D Mookerjee, Assistant Professor of Mining at the Benares Hindu University. Freiberg (Sarony), Mining University.

4. Mr. S N Sanyal, M.B., Calcutta University, House Surgeon in the Calcutta Medical College Hospitals. Hamburg University.

5. Mr. N G Chokkanna, M.Sc., (Biochemistry) of the Mysore University, at present working at the Biochemical Department of the Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore. Hohenheim (Wurttemberg), Agricultural University.

6. Mr. S Harisharan, M.A., M.Sc., Madras University. Demonstrator in Physics in the Presidency College, Madras. Jena, University Institute for Applied Optics and Microscopy.

The following scholars of India Instite of the Deutsche Akademie, who have been enjoying scholarships since the academic year 1931-32 will receive further help from us during the summer-semester 1933 to enable them to finish their studies for Doctorate.

1. Mr. Narayan Ch. Chatterjee, M.Sc., formerly demonstrator in Physics, Benares Hindu University. Dresden Engineering University.

2. Mr. R K N Iyengar, B.E., Mysore University.

3. Mr. R K Dutta-Roy, M.Sc., formerly Research Chemist Fuel Economy Department, Tata Iron and Steel Co. Hannover Engineering University.

4. Mr. Kramadiswar Dutt, P.Sc. (Calcutta) and B.Sc. in Engineering (Rangoon University) Karlsruhe Engineering University.

5. Mr. H K Ogale, L.M.E., formerly Lecturer in Mechanical Engineering, Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Bombay. Munich Engineering University.

6. Mr. Ch. Barat, M.Sc., (Calcutta) formerly Research Scholar, Department of Applied Chemistry, College of Science and Technology, Calcutta University.

7. Mr. Niaz Ahmad Khan, B.Sc., Punjab University.

8. Mr. S K Majumdar, M.Sc., of Calcutta, Lecturer of Chemistry, Ripon College, Calcutta. Muniah University.

9. Mr. Balmukand Piplani, B.Sc., (Commerce), Hailey College of Commerce, M.A., (Economics) Punjab University. Nurnberg Commercial University.

10. Mr. A K Bhatta, Professor of Sanskrit, Vidyalankar College, Ceylon. Tubingen University.

During the last session semester the following Indian scholars of India Institute of the Deutsche Akademie have successfully passed their doctor's-examination.

Miss Dr. Maitreyee Bose, M.B., (Calcutta) House Surgeon, Chitta Ranjan Seva Sadan Women's Hospital, Calcutta, passed the examination of Doctor-of-Medicine from Munich University, specialising in children's disease. Miss Bose after visiting various hospitals in Berlin has left for India.

Mr. J C Gupta, M.B., (Calcutta), formerly House Surgeon, Carmichael College Hospital, Calcutta, passed the examination of Doctor of Medicine from Cologne University, specialising in heart diseases. Dr. Gupta who because of his excellent work in Germany has been awarded the "Ghosh Travelling Fellowship" is now carrying on further research work at the Medical Hospital of University of Heidelberg. Before his return to India Dr. Gupta will carry on special studies in the field of heart disease at the University of Leipzig, Gottingen and in the Kerckhoff-Institute in Bad Nauheim.

Mr. B. M. Sen-gupta, M B (Calcutta): has successfully passed the Doctor-of-Medicine examination at the University of Freiburg, specialising in Gynocology. He has been carrying on research work in the Pathological laboratory under Professor Dr. Aschoff of Freiburg and also in Berlin hospitals. Dr. Sen-gupta will spend a few months in the University-Hospital of Kiel and visit other German cities before his return to India.

Mr. Indra Sen, M.A. (Punjab), Dr. Phil (Freiburg) has been awarded the Teaching Fellowship (Hindi) in the University of Konigsberg.

A WARNING.

We wish to remind the prospective Indian students businessmen and others who wish to visit our country that Germany has been passing through a National Socialistic Revolution, with the least possible disturbance. Germany seeks as before cultural contacts with other countries especially the people of India. However it should not be forgotten that present-day Germany does not welcome alien Communists and those who are anxious to meddle with Germany's internal and international politics, in a way which may be detrimental to her national interest. We hope that the work of Indo-German cultural co-operation will not only continue undisturbed but be strengthened, and we shall continue to do our best with the hope of co-operation from cultural leaders of India.

Those who wish to secure any definite information regarding educational facilities in Germany should communicate with us directly.

BOMBAY MYSORIANS CELEBRATE MAHARAJAH'S BIRTHDAY

The tremendous advance that the Mysore State has made in all directions during the past thirty years of the reign of the present Maharajah and how it has earned the title of the "Model State" of India were stressed by Rao Bahadur Ramaswamiah who spoke this evening at a meeting held in connection with the 50th Birthday celebrations of the Maharajah of Mysore, under the auspices of the Mysore Association, Matunga.

There was a large gathering of Mysorean ladies and gentlemen. The Association celebrated the birthday by hoisting the Mysore Flag on the Association premises, in the morning and holding a sports competition for youngsters. A social function was held in the evening which was followed by a group photo. Prizes were distributed to the winning boys and girls and silver and gold medals were presented to two Mysoreans in appreciation of their histrionic abilities.

EDUCATIONAL PROGRESS.

Rao Bahadur Ramaswamiah addressing a meeting held at the Nappoo Hall when prayers were offered for the long life of the Maharajah, made a survey of the progress the State has made during the thirty years of the reign of the Maharajah. He said that the State was spending eight times on education now compared to what it spent 30 years back. He also referred to the great Hydro-electric schemes, the irrigation projects and the iron works the sandal oil industry that have made Mysore a prosperous State. The ruling chiefs of other States went to Mysore to learn the art of administration. He paid a tribute to the untiring efforts of the Maharaja and the Dewan Sir Mirza Ismail to make Mysore the premier State in India. Concluding, he prayed that the Maharajah be spared for a long time to make Mysore greater and better still.

The celebrations concluded with a variety entertainment.

The Mysore Association has sent a wire to the Huzur Secretary, Mysore, expressing their loyalty and wishing the Maharajah a long life.—A. P.

NEW APPOINTMENT FOR DR. THOMAS

The Government of Bombay have appointed Dr. Thomas Sherlock Wheeler, Ph.D., B.Sc., Principal, Royal Institute of Science, Bombay, to be a member of the Provincial Agricultural Research Committee, in place of Dr. C. W. B. Normand, Director General of Observatories. They have also appointed Mr. S. J. Zunzarrao, M.L.C., and Rao Bahadur R. V. Vandekar, M.L.C. to be non-official members of the Committee for a period of three years vice Mr. S. A. Sardesai, deceased, and Mr. R. G. Pradhan, respectively.

SANTA CRUZ CREDIT SOCIETY MEETING

Disadvantages Of Shopping On Credit

First annual general meeting of the Santa Cruz N. A. C. Conservancy Department Co-operative Credit Society was held on Friday, the 2nd June 1933, Dr. Narielwala presiding. The Society has made a good start in that its subscribed capital has reached Rs. 526 loans advanced amounted to Rs. 2,100 and repayments amounted to Rs. 1,700. Rs. 42 are this year credited to reserve fund.

The Chairman stressed on the members the necessity of observing sober habits and brought home to them the disadvantages of purchasing the necessities on credit system. He was of opinion that if possible under the existing rules, arrangements be made for providing cheap grain.

Dr. Narielwala and Mr. Hardikar were re-elected Chairman and Secretary respectively, and Mr. Suri of the Allahabad Bank was appointed Hon. Auditor for the ensuing year.

PANCHMAHAL TEACHERS MEET

The primary schools of the District Local Board, Panch Mahals, having broken for summer vacation from 10th May it was arranged by the School Board Administrative Officer, Mr. Jiwanji Desai, B A S T C D to hold a teachers' conference in the Kalol Taluka School building, on 28-5-33 at 8-30 to demonstrate how best the new arithmetic course could be taught with the help of models. The attendance was voluntary but nearly 75 teachers took advantage of the occasion. Local School Board members also attended the function.

On the night of Saturday, the 27th a lantern lecture on Japan was delivered by the Administrative Officer, to demonstrate the matter of handling a lesson on geography.

The function thus ended with a complete success.

GANDHARVA MAHA-VIDYALAYA

Appeal To Vishnu Digambarji's Past Students

The Secretary, of the G. M. V. (Past-students) Mandal, Cawnpore writes:

This Mandal has been started by the past students of the late revered Pandit Vishnu Digambar Paluskar at their first gathering in Ahmedabad in December 1931. In the second gathering last year at Benares, it is decided to compile a directory of all the past-students of Pandit Vishnu Digambarji. As these students have been working all over India, it is not easy to ascertain their address individually.

It is therefore requested to all such students that they will please communicate their addresses to me so that the directory form may individually be sent to them to be filled in and returned.

A new report on the cause of baldness says that the average life of a single hair on the human head is from four to five years.

A Budapest newspaper says there are more than 300,000,000 unmarried women in the world.

Don't drop your West End watch

-but if you do-

-we are always here to repair it.

Buy a WEST END

WEST END WATCH CO

BOMBAY. CALCUTTA

LARGE CATALOGUE FREE

BOMBAY CITY AMBULANCE CORPS

14 Successful Candidates

Under the auspices of the Scouts' Union Ambulance Branch, of the St. John Ambulance Association, the classes in First Aid, conducted by Dr. H. D. Dastoor, for the Bombay City Ambulance Corps, were examined by Dr. G. S. Vazker, and the following candidates have been declared successful in order of merit:—

Captain Batuk Hiralal Mehta (Passed with Honours.)

Corporal Vamanrao Chhaganlal Javeri (Passed with Honours).

L/Cpl Ajit Hiralal Mehta.

L/Cpl. Yadumani Dhanvantray Mehta.

Private Ramesh Thakordas Desai.

L/Cpl. Vasudeo Muljimal Mevaramani.

Private Motiram Gajanan Shertukde.

Private Chhaganlal Purshottamdas Mehta.

Private Purshottam Khubchand Dantara.

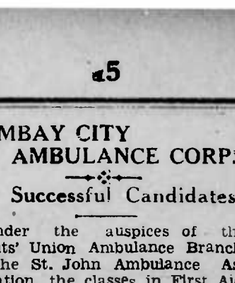
Private Vishvas Laxman Date.

Private Murlidhar Shankar Tambe.

Private Dharamdas Jagjivandas Shah.

Private Jehangir Pestonji Sarkari.

Private Krishna Vaman Deshpande.



BODY OF A GREEK GOD STRENGTH OF A HERCULES

REARED BY LIONS.....
UNTAMED. .....
UNCIVILIZED!

He was the law of the jungle! To serve and to fight for his mate ..... and in her he found a new love. A joyful ecstacy he had never known was kindled in his breast as he held her in his arms.

KING OF THE JUNGLE

KING OF THE JUNGLE

BEASTS OF THE JUNGLE RAGE THROUGH THE STREETS OF A HELPLESS CITY! LIONS, TIGERS, APES, ELEPHANTS, WRECKING — DESTROYING—STRIKING FEAR INTO THE HEARTS OF THE POPULACE

A SPECTACLE SUCH AS NEVER BEFORE SEEN

TERRIFIC FIGHTS BETWEEN MAN AND BEAST, and BEAST and BEAST

THE SENSATION OF THE SEASON

KING OF THE JUNGLE

AT

PATHE CINEMA

SATURDAY JUNE 10TH

BOOK YOUR SEATS EARLY

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

MONDAY, JUNE 5 1933

INDEPENDENT TESTIMONY

A disinterested eye-witness's testimony to the truth of Pandit Malaviya's charges against the Calcutta police has come from an unexpected quarter. It substantially bears out the Pandit's report of the police assaults on the delegates of the Congress while it was actually in session and it gives the lie direct to the official statement wholly exonerating the police. It comes in the form of an open letter to the Governor of Bengal from an American citizen, Mr. Frank C. Bancroft, who was present on the scene of action and who is impelled to write the letter as Government's defence of the police impugns the veracity of "a great national and international figure." We wonder what reply the Governor will or can give to this letter. In all probability he will find it convenient to affect unconcern at this independent damning evidence.

FACTS UNDERSTATED.

Pandit Malaviya's charges with regard to the Congress session—not the most serious count in his indictment—were dismissed by Government as baseless. The allegations stated that while the session was in progress, the police made lathi charges on the crowd as well as on the delegates, that "lathi blows were supplemented by kicking", and some women delegates "who tenaciously stuck to the National Flag were roughly handled in an attempt to snatch the flag from them." Mr. Bancroft's account shows that the Pandit understated rather than overstated the facts. He declares that a number of delegates were arrested and sent away after severe lathi beating, that he personally saw several women struck quite fiercely on the shoulders, backs and necks, while one man, who stumbled on the steps of a van, was "very brutally" beaten before he could rise. He could not see more, he says in conclusion, because the spectators were driven back by a severe lathi charge, he himself being very discreetly spared

UNTRUE STATEMENT.

The Bengal Government, however have dismissed even the milder allegations of Pandit Malaviya as baseless on the flimsiest of grounds. We have already commented on the capital they made of the fact that the Corporation ambulance had to return empty. Something more has to be said about what they regard as conclusive proofs of the innocence of the public,—that there is no mention "in any Calcutta newspaper so far as the Government of Bengal is aware of any of the incidents referred to in the statement" issued by the Pandit. The statement is quite untrue as we find that several papers referred to the lathi charges. "Advance" of April 2 stated : "Lathis were employed, baton charges were made and as a result several persons were badly injured." The same paper asserts that several other local papers reported the incidents. If the Press refrained from referring to those details of police assaults that struck spectators like Mr. Bancroft as "brutal", it is only because it is gagged by the Government themselves.

A "MEAN ADVANTAGE".

The "Armit Bazar Patrika" pertinently observes on this point:

> We admit we were and have been demoralised by the Damocles sword of the new Press regulations hanging over our head. But pray, do not try to take a mean advantage of our silence over a particular scene of police excesses and argue that because it could not be reported by us, it did not therefor occur.

When what Mr. Bancroft would regard as the brutal features of the police assaults were unreported and only the familiar lathi charges were mentioned, it is not surprising that the Legislative Council did not take any particular notice of the charges and the revolting scenes came to be talked about freely only after the 4th April, when the Council was adjourned. Yet Government regard it as "an almost conclusive proof" of the baselessness of Panditji's charges that the Council did not refer to them. It is a worthless plea but the Government of Bengal rely on it because they find nothing better with which to defend their police.

THEIR OWN OPINION.

So long as the Governments of India and Bengal continue to shirk an open independent inquiry into the allegations which are now borne out by independent evidence, and so long as they also refuse to accept Pandit Malaviya's challenge to prosecute him for making what they call false charges, the public will have their own opinion of the Calcutta police and the authorities who defend them, and it will not be a complimentary one.

Blackmail And Mendacity

The memorandum submitted by the I.C.S. (retired) Association is in the nature of a blackmailing document, to extort more money out of a country which is in the throes of national bankruptcy. When the Montagu-Chelmsford reforms were imposed on India, it gave a ready and convenient excuse to the I.C.S. to demand a heavy price for them, on the dishonest plea that they were losing some of the rights which they had enjoyed, ever since the British flag was planted in this country. The Lee Commission came and gave away large sums of money, which are lumped together under the omnibus term of Lee Loot. Now again the White Paper is to be made a convenient excuse for asking for more money, at a time when every province is loaded with debts which are sapping its growth. Yet we are told that these men come to India to help Indians on their way to Swaraj!

The Lee Loot is eating into the vitals of the country, for in no other part of the world are the Services paid so highly as in India, and nowhere have they such immense powers as here. But the memorandum says that, under the White Paper, they are likely to lose a great many of the rights which they have enjoyed hitherto! There ought to be a limit even to impudence.

WHAT MORE?

The White Paper is explicit. It says that all persons appointed by the Secretary of State have "certain important rights". They can neither be dismissed, nor their pay reduced, nor even any "disciplinary measures taken in India" without reference to the Secretary of State." What more does any Service in the world want? As long as we have this "imperium in imperio" it is hopeless to expect any kind of political freedom. Let us be frank about it. Unless the privileged Services are swept out of India, there cannot be any peace or freedom for Indians. The Indian Services are not the servants of the public, but their masters and what they ask now is that these powers of a master should be guaranteed to them indefinitely.

The White Paper guarantees them all their demands and more, and that is why the country considers the constitution now contemplated to be a monstrous hoax, which, instead of handing over powers to the people to whom they naturally and really belong, mortgages their destinies to a foreign bureaucracy which is supposed to be their servant, but which is really their master. We are amazed that the Association is not ashamed to put forward these extortionate demands.

MENDACIOUS CLAIM.

We are not surprised that the Association believe that the large majority of Civilians are agreeable to the new demands now put forward, whether Indian or European. The memorandum states that the Services "anticipate further and more far-reaching changes" by which every Service and every officer will be under the control of the legislatures. This ought to be the object of constitutional reforms but nothing of the kind is contemplated, and nobody knows it better than the members of the Association.

What does amaze us is the claim that the "expectation that the Services would devote themselves to making the 1919 constitution a success, has been fulfilled." A more mendacious claim has never been put forward even in the history of this country. Everybody, including the bureaucracy, admits that the 1919 Constitution has been an unmitigated failure, and that there was no redeeming feature in that failure. It has brought out the worst in the Services, as well as Indian political adventurers, who are working the constitution under the direct supervision of the Services. We would far rather have unadulterated, but honest, autocracy, than this sham of a democracy where all the powers are concentrated in the hands of a small coterie, which is neither amenable to discipline nor to reason. If the situation we see in India to-day is the success of which the Association boasts we may well dread the outcome if the proposals in the White Paper ever become a 'fait accompli'.

Press Views

That Is Why

It may appear strange that the "chorus girl" of the Empire, we mean the self-exiled Maharaja of Burdwan, should have said anything in favour of his country. When, therefore, he takes to task Sir Michael O'Dwyer and declares that the latter had no admirers in India outside a few 'ju hukums' (fancy the Maharaja using the world!) one is apt to be astonished. But when one remembers that the White Paper has the ardent support of the British Government there will be little astonishment at the Maharaja's taking up the cudgels in support of the proposals of His Majesty's Government.—"A. B. Patrika."

British Altruism

As the United States has agreed to receive payment of war debts in silver Sir Robert Horne recently suggested in the House of Commons that Britain should purchase 300 million ounces of silver in the Indian Treasury, giving India sterling for it, and transfer the silver to the United States. It would be a great relief to us to pay in silver', he said, 'and a great benefit to India if her silver could be got rid of on those terms.' If gold goes out of this country in an unending stream it is of benefit to it. So why should not the export of the bulk of silver held in the currency reserve be also beneficial to it? That this exodus of precious metals helps Britain is, of course, of secondary importance. And what does India get in return? Paper currency. The Indian silver reserve seems, from the point of view of Sir Robert Horne, more a liability than an asset.—"Leader."

European Tribute From Africa

Mr. Gandhi, a Hindu himself, has swept Hinduism with a cleansing fire. To him, although he has accepted the caste system, it is not the creed that matters but its spiritual meaning and power. His passion for regeneration, his championship of unity, have all been directed towards the rebirth of India. It is too early to say whether India will defeat him. There may yet be, within the next few weeks, an answer to the appeal which he has made by thus voluntarily providing his life as a sacrifice for his faith. His past actions, savouring of political propaganda, have suffered from the suspicion that he was an astute publicist as well as a sincere reformer. His present fast is not open to that criticism. The outside world is not affected by his decision, as such, although it will receive plenty of publicity. The matter is one lying between him and Hinduism. If he is willing to risk death for the release of millions of his own people who are downtrodden by a caste-ridden society, then Gandhi's sincerity of purpose will be placed beyond doubt. The political propagandist will disappear before the sublimity of the man himself.—"East African Standard."

Settle Amicably

It is difficult to see how Japan has gained anything by changing over from Indian to American cotton on a large scale, and she loses the strongest argument for the unrestricted entry of her piecegoods into India if she is unable to show by her purchases that they are manufactured from Indian cotton. In spite of the Bombay millowners and their supposed domination of the Legislative Assembly, much less would be heard of Japanese competition if Japanese purchases of Indian materials had not fallen off so largely. When Japan reproaches India with having started a tariff war which provokes discrimination, it should not be forgotten that it was she who made the first moves, by imposing a prohibitive duty on imports of Indian pig iron, for example. Nevertheless, although the interests of Indian producers must be safeguarded, an amicable settlement would be in the interests of both countries, and no opportunity of opening negotiations should be avoided.—"Madras Mail."

POLITICS IN THE C. P.

Veiled & Queer Are Antics Of The "Leaders"

(By N. K. V.)

The Nationalist Party of Berar is a remnant of the old Responsivist Party As a writer from Bombay the other day said in the "Prajapaksha" of Akola, no one knows where the office of the party is situated. The Office-bearers of the party are also not known but Messrs. Khaparde, Kanitker, Bamangaonker and Deshmukh (Ex-Minister) are its moving spirits. It may therefore be safely assumed that the activities and politics of these four are the politics of the Nationalist Party.

MR. KHAPARDE.

Mr. Khaparde, who represents the Landlords of Berar, was a staunch opponent of the Money-lenders' Bill. Though he did not clearly mention his fears in his speech, he was all along under the belief that the mover of the Money-lenders' bill was aiming at some revolutionary change. He was overpowered with grief that everywhere in the country, a persistant campaign was being carried on against the propertied classes.

He also opposed Mr. Gavai's Bill when the same was first introduced in the C.P. Council, and voted in the "No lobby" with the Government. Mr. Khaparde's vote caused great surprise to those who believed that the Leader of the Nationalist Party would wholeheartedly and unreservedly support the measure. He also opposed the C.P. Debt Conciallation Bill, which, though not quite satisfactory, goes a long way to relieve the agriculturists of the debts. A pleader himself, he shivered at the idea that lawyers would be banned from practising at the "Debt Conciliation Boards" and prevented from bleeding the sheep which is already bled by the sowcar.

AN OPEN SECRET

It is an open secret that at the joint meeting of the Nationalist and People's Party held at the residence of Mr. Mangalmoorti a couple of days before the election of the Hon. Mr. Rizwi to the presidential chair, Mr. Khaparde begged the party to nominate him for election. The parties wanted Mr. Y. M. Kale to be set up as a rival candidate and Mr. Khaparde's main grievance was against Mr. Kale. He thought that the latter was the only obstacle in his way and the moment Mr. Kale withdrew from the arena, he would be able to secure the support of the Government.

Everyone knows how he was anxiously calling several officers on the Hazari Pahad on the phone and also the dramatic circumstances under which his interview with His Excellency the Governor on the morning of the election day was cancelled at the last moment.

Then again, finding that he had not the ghost of a chance, he withdrew from the field. This ardent champion of the Nationalists, who has not spared a single occasion to level attacks on the Government, was at last convinced that he could not have it both ways.

KANITKAR AND BAMANGAOKAR

Mr. Kanitkar, of Buldhana, is the Secretary of the Berar All-Parties Conference. He went to England when the second R.T.C. was in progress and none knows what he did there. Possibly he was not allowed to enter St. James's Palace! The cause of the Berar All-Parties Conference was not advanced even an inch due to his visit and the so-called efforts of his. He has it seems never voted independently of Mr. Khaparde.

Mr. Bamangaonker is one of those who are in season and out of season carrying on a campaign against the Hon. Dr. Punjabrao Deshmukh and the Farmers' As-

(Continued on next page).

Frankly Speaking

THE TORY SPLIT

In a few days Mr. Baldwin will come to grips with Mr. Churchill over India. The latter has his own admirers, but the point is whether they will be able to brave the wrath of the whole party, over a question which is getting more or less academical.

As far as India is concerned, she is not much concerned with these party squables, and it is immaterial to Indians whether the White Paper is ultimately accepted by Parliament or not.

All the same it must be admitted that Mr. Baldwin deserves more sympathy from Indians for his greater honesty and straightfordwardness. Mr. Churchill knows well enough that the White Paper is an innocuous document. He is misrepresenting and misusing it for his personal ambitions.

His cause is not strengthened by men like Lord Lloyd who have totally discredited themselves, whether in India, Egypt or England. Bigger men would have retired from political life, but Lord Lloyd has the pertinacity of a terrier—of the pariah type.

GARVIN'S WARNING.

Mr. Garvin utters a warning to the Tory Party that is as timely as it is well grounded.

While calling upon Mr. Baldwin to pull himself together and deal with the revolt in the party with more energy and authority than hitherto, he reminds the Tories of what would be the result of a definite split in the party at the moment or in the near future.

A break-up of the National Government and a general election would be inevitable.

There is little chance of the Tories holding their own in the next election in any event, but if they go to the polls as a divided party they will be the victims of a landslide as considerable as that which brought them back in 1931 with the biggest majority in British Parliamentary history.

And once they go out of office the White Paper will meet with the treatment that the Simon Report got when the Labour Party took office; and the Die-hards will have defeated their own object.

J. P. MORGAN REVELATIONS.

The Morgan Inquiry continues to be the sensation of the hour. More damaging revelations are made involving kings, strong men who are greater than kings, and ministers. It merely shows the power of modern finance and what it can do.

The evidence shows that the tentacles of Morgans were spread far and wide and nobody was immune from their influence. It would not be surprising if further evidence revealed that some of the shares passed hands in British political circles.

Whatever may be the ultimate outcome of the inquiry, Mr. Roosevelt must be congratulated on the courageous step he has taken and for braving the odium of such unsavoury revelations. If for nothing else his name will go down to history as the man who braved America's Money Power,—greater than anything in its line the world has ever seen.

OFFICIAL MONOPOLY BROKEN.

Bombay has secured a high place in the Honours List and non-officials also have been honoured along with officials. But the fact that the monopoly of the Government servants is broken, has little interest for us. These Honours leave Nationalist India cold.

Sir Ghulam Hussein must have been given promotion chiefly for his splendid service as the Government pilot in the Legislative Council. Sir Ghulam's strong points are his bonhomie and his genius for intrigue and both have stood him in good stead in the Council. He is now waiting for his next promotion as the satrap of Sind!

Mr. Shanmukham Chetty had to be rewarded for the Ottawa deal. Here again it is double promotion, but those who are in favour with Government need set no limit to their ambition. His flatterers are already preparing the country for his transfer to the Finance portfolio.

KHAN BAHADUR C. I. E.

Among officials there is Mr. Jennings, the Director of Information, Bombay, suave and helpful to the Press at all times and Mr. R. M. Maxwell who has been rather a popular officer in the districts, particularly in Kanara, but is not so happily placed in the Home Department.

No Honours List can leave out the Police, and they find themselves well rewarded.

Khan Bahadur Petigara has undoubtedly earned his C. I. E. He has served the Government with supreme loyalty and zeal as well as ability, and managed to do the unpleasant things he has to do with the least annoyance or trouble to those who come within the purview of his operations.

The Khan Bahadur is one of the many outstanding examples of India Officers in positions of great responsibility, whose character and capacity make the hysterical protests of politicians in England against the transfer of law and order, appear supremely ridiculous to those who know India as she is.

Readers' Views

THESE LICENSED MONEY-LENDERS!

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I am enclosing herewith a note which I had prepared for the Co-operative Round Table Conference on 2nd instant. I was invited to attend the Conference as I had submitted a memorandum on Agricultural indebtedness to the Royal Commission on Agriculture, and also because I have written commentaries on the Bombay Co-operative Societies' Act and the Dekkhan Agriculturists' Relief Act and such other Acts affecting the rural population of the Bombay Presidency and Sind.

I have given considerable attention to this question for the last five years and have come to the conclusion that recovery of arrears of Societies' dues through the revenue agency is doing a good deal of harm to the Co-operative movement. Agriculturists could be arrested and imprisoned under such procedure (agriculturists are exempted from arrest and imprisonment in execution of money decree under the Dekkhan Agriculturists' Relief Act) and they have come to look upon this movement as a Government concern financed, controlled, managed and conducted by Government officials only.

Such extreme measures would, in my opinion, result in discontent among the agriculturists and would also tend to intensify the feeling of opposition which appears to be growing against the Co-operative movement. I have made certain suggestions which if carried out would reduce the overdues now growing to an alarming extent.

I have suggested an alternative remedy, if at all the practice of sending awards for recovery to revenue authorities is to be continued. At present, I learn from a very good authority, no less than 90 per cent of awards in the case of Rural Societies are sent to revenue authorities for execution. In my view Civil Courts would be the proper agency for such purpose. The only thing necessary is that they should be instructed to give precedence to execution of Societies' awards.

Land revenue demand is a debt due to Government, while Co-operative Societies' dues are on no better footing than those of private individuals. Therefore, they do not deserve any special treatment in the matter of recovery. It will only lead to laxity in management.—Yours, etc.

K. S. GUPTE.

"THOUGHTLESS PROPOSAL"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I congratulate you on boldly giving publicity to the thoughtful letter of the Indian Bertrand Russel—I mean, Mr. R. D. Karve,—under the caption "Compulsory Superstition." Please allow me to say a few words on the subject through the columns of your paper.

I am much in agreement with most of what Mr. Karve has written. The basis of our religion, as Mr. Karve says, lies in ignorance. And, out of ignorance is born fear. So, fear is the immediate cause of our religions. Man has created his God, his religions and his philosophies out of fear. Unable to face the storms of life boldly and squarely, he sought refuge in his God, his religions and philosophies.

Our religions and traditions are the inventions of the mass. They hold the individual in the narrow thought, narrow emotions and narrow morality. I think that they have done more harm than good to man. Religion is one of the main hindrances to Man's progress.—I use the word in its highest sense. It seeks to perpetuate fear in him; and as long as there is fear, progress and growth are impossible.

It is a pity that, in spite of all his tall talk of civilization and progress, man has, in the main, remained a barbarian. His barbarity is lurking behind the resolution of the All-Asiatic Conference held at Benares in 1930; which Principal G. N. Gokhale wants our University Senate to approve.

Mr. Gokhale is doing a great disservice to the younger generation by moving his thoughtless proposal at the coming Senate meeting. If he will only do a little free thinking himself, which he recommends in the resolution, he will come to realize the folly and absurdity of his move. As to our morality, about which he seems to be so concerned, I tell him that the youth of to-day is more moral than the youth of yesterday.—Yours, etc.,

A COLLEGE STUDENT.

MEERUT PRISONERS

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—May I have the courtesy of your columns to appeal to your readers to subscribe as liberally as they can to the fund started by the National Joint Council representing the Trades Union Congress, the Labour Party and the Parliamentary labour Party of England to carry on propaganda to acquaint the British public with the true facts of the Meerut Case and demand the release of the prisoners?

I think most of your readers will agree with me sir, that the least a patriotic Indian can do at the present juncture is to give his mite in support and advancement of this work carried on in behalf of our unfortunate compatriots and the three liberty-loving Englishmen who have made such noble sacrifices in the cause of our Motherland.

As an example of the work being done in England, I herewith enclose a pamphlet ("Meerut—Release the Prisoners!") received by the last mail, published and distributed by the National Joint Council.

I may mention that the fund I am appealing for is distinct from that started in India for rendering legal help to the prisoners in their appeal, etc., the former being utilised exclusively for propaganda work in England. contributions should be sent, mentioning the Propaganda Fund for the Release of Meerut Prisoners, to Mr. Ernest Bevin, Transport House, Smith Square, London, S.W.1.—Yours, etc.,

T. P. DAVER.

14, The Fort, Belgaum, May. 30.

MUNICIPAL DIPLOMAS

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I have read with considerable interest 'Citizen's' letter which appeared in one of your recent issues. I fully agree with him that the course for the Examination held by the Local Self-Government Institute in co-operation with the Government of Bombay is a highly specialised study.

The results show how difficult the test is. The percentage for passing the Examination is also very high compared with University Examinations. The Professors are also specialists in different branches of Municipal and Local Board Administration. The resolution of the Karachi Municipality quoted by "Citizen" giving promotions to the Diploma holders of the Institute does credit to the Municipality for appreciating such training. I know now-a-days most of the moffussil municipalities are giving preference to these diploma holders. I also know that several local bodies are requesting the Institute to recommend suitable candidates whenever they are in need of competent persons.

Sir, is it not strange that the Bombay Municipality is still sitting on the fence and not taking any steps to appreciate the training which is given—the only training of its kind imparted in the whole of India? The Departmental Examinations generally held by some municipalities cover only a small part of what is taught by the Institute, whose curricula are very wide. Perhaps the fault lies with the Local Self-Government Institute for not approaching the Bombay Municipality with a view to the latter taking such an action in the matter.—Yours etc.

JUSTICE.

FOREIGN EATING HOUSES

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I write to support your correspondent regarding the foreign eating-houses in Bombay.

One thing that the Bombay public does not seem to realize is, that these foreign eating-houses have spoilt the standard of rent in Bombay. They rent the best set of rooms in any building and pay exorbitant rates, with the result that the landlords look upon them as their best customers, while it is to the detriment of other people, who cannot pay as much. This is a matter of very great concern.

Perhaps, it is also not realised that these people come from a country where foreigners are not allowed to trade as they like. Their king has prevented money from leaving his kingdom: while here, they find trade so easy that they can ship money back to their country.

Thirdly, these foreigners have no idea of sanitation or hygiene. Consequently, they should not be given more licences as there are more than enough in the city. Besides, they should be made the subject of very strict supe[illegible] —Yours etc.,

A CORRESPONDENT.

Cumballa Hill, June 1.

Bring Back Politicals From Andamans

Bombay Meeting Protests Against Opening Of Cellular Jails And Prays For Souls Of Young Politicals Who Died There

To protest against the re-opening of Andamans Cellular Jails and to pray for the departed souls of the youngman who succumbed to the hunger-strike a meeting was held at Chaupatty on Sunday evening with Sardar Jamiat Singh in the chair. Among the speakers were Mr. Abdul Rahman Mitha, Mr. P. R. Lele, and Mr. Jamaluddin "Makhmoor". They all protested against the policy of sending political prisoners to the Andamans Jails which are unfit for human habitation.

They also protested against the policy that is being pursued with regard to politicals in Indian jails, and emphasized need for reform in Jail Regulations.

All the speakers demanded immediate bringing back of the political prisoners from the Andamans to India. In the end the following resolution was passed:—

"This public meeting of the citizens of Bombay demands an immediate enquiry into the circumstances leading to the unfortunate deaths of three youths in the Andamans and further demands that all the prsoners in the Andamans should be immediately brought back to Indian jails."

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SCHUSTER TO SAIL

Will Take Part In Reserve Bank And Railway Board Parleys

SIMLA, June 4.

It is understood that Sir George Schuster, Finance Member, is leaving Simla next week 'en route' to England sailing from Bombay by the earliest available boat.

Sir George Schuster is proceeding to London to take part in discussions relating to the formation of the Reserve Bank and Statutory Railway Board in India

These discussions will commence in the second half of June and are expected to terminate by the end of July It is believed that the Finance Member will return to India in August to be in time for the autumn session of the Legislative Assembly. Nothing is settled yet as to who will act as the Finance Member during Sir George's absence.

An announcement in this connection may be expected shortly. —A. P.

PARSI MERCHANT TAKES HIS LIFE

Member Of Bombay Municipality Takes Opium And Leaves Note

POONA, June. 4.

The police this morning held inquest on the body of Mr. Gustadji Dossabhoy Billimoria, a big Parsee merchant and a member of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, who committed suicide last night by taking opium at his residence, 26 Koregaon Park, Poona. The deceased who leaves wife and children left a note saying that he had committed suicide.—A.P.

SRINAGAR HAS PEACEFUL DAY

But Precautions Are Being Maintained

Srinagar, Kashmire, June 4.

The Kashmere Durbar has issued the following communique:

Everything remained calm in the City and the civil lines throughout the day and night. All precautions are, however, being maintained at present.—A. P

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BERHAMPUR PLEDGES FOR SOCIAL REFORM

Caste Hindus Clean Harijan Quarters

(From A Correspondent).

BERHAMPUR (Ganjam), May 31.

On the 27th of May Syt. Jayamangal Rath, Secretary of the Ganjam Distt. Servants of Untouchables' Society, accompanied by Messrs. V.V. Jogiah, Deen Bandhu Das, Shreemati Lakshmi Bai and Ma Le Wolengau of Switzerland cleaned the Mahar quarters and taught the Harijans about sanitation.

On 28th of May, there was a special divine service at the local Brahmo Mandir, and a huge Nagar Sankirtan, starting from the Mandir, passed through Bhapar and reached the Andhra Bhasa Vardhani Hall, where a conference was held under the presidentship of Shreemati Lakshmi Bai.

Resolutions for better treatment of Harijans, drafted by the Utkal Provincial Servants of Untouchables' Society, were passed. Important among the speakers were Shreemati D. Subamma Garu and Messrs. V.V. Jogiah and Jayamangal Rath.

There was an inter-caste dinner at the local Brahmo Mandir, organised by the Patit Pavan Mission which was held on 29th ultimo at the time when Mahatmaji broke his fast. Harijans alongside with caste Hindus took part in the dinner.

AMRAOTI HANUMAN VYAYAM MANDIR

Certificates Awarded To Cadets For Discipline

(From Our Correspondent.)

AMRAOTI, June 3.

The Physical Training Camp conducted by the Hanuman Vyayam Mandal Amraoti for the last month was closed when the certificates were awarded under the presidentship of Mr. S. Y. Patil, Chairman, Berar Joint Board and the District Council, Amraoti.

Mr. S. Y. Patil exhorted them to adopt the modern methods whereby the mind is uniformly trained along with the body. This purpose was served chiefly by Military training which required strict discipline.

While Mr. Patil's speech was going on it struck 6-30 p.m. and the Mandal's bugler gave a call of lowering down the Flag at the instance of which the whole public stood up and grave silence for half a minute.

AMRAOTI CONGRATULATES MAHATMA

(From Our Correspondent).

AMRAOTI, May 30.

In pursuance of Pandit Malaviya's appeal a public meeting was held under the auspices of the local Harijan Seva Sangh on the night of the 29th May under the presidentship of Veer Vamanrao Joshi.

Dr. Varhad Pande, Secretary Harijan Seva Sangh narrated the news, which the local "Udaya" office received by telegram that Mahatma Gandhi broke his celebrated fast at 12-20 p.m. to-day.

Speeches were delivered expressing heartfelt gratification for the successful termination of this unique fast and a resolution congratulating Mahatma Gandhi was unanimously passed.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

The King's Birthday Dinner was held at Government House Ganeshkhind on Friday, the 3rd June. The following had the honour of being invited:—

The Hon. Sir Ghulam Hussein Hidayatallah, the Hon. Mr. R. D. Bell, the Hon. Sir Rustom Vakil, the Hon. Dewan Bahadur S. T. Kambli, Mr. Fazal Ibrahim Rahimtoola, the Hon. Sardar Jagannath Maharaj Pandit, Mr. J. H. Garrett, Mr. J. P. Brander, Mr. W. W. Smart, Major-General H. E. M. Douglas, Mr. A. W. W. Mackie, Mr. J. Monteath, Colonel H. R. Nutt, Brigadier E. R. G. Wilmer, Brigadier F. G. Spring, Brigadier C. B. D. Strettell, Mr. C. M. Lane, Mr. R. B. Ewbank, Mr. P. L. Bowers, Mr. R. M. Maxwell, Mr. G. Davis, Mr. C. G. Freke, Mr. S. H. Covernton, Colonel F. C. Jenkin, Colonel H. N. A. Hunter, Colonel B. H. Brown, Lt.-Colonel E. E. Doyle, Mr. R. H. Beckett, Mr. D. D. Nanavati, Colonel B. L. Duke, Colonel C. Graham Smith, Mr. P. E. Aitchison, Dr. W. Burns, Mr. N. Mason, Dr. S. K. Banerji, Mr. E. E. Turner, Mr. D. MacLachlan, Mr. F. W. O'Gorman and the Revd. T. R. H. Elliott.

POPE'S WAR ON PRESIDENT

Counter Move To "Attack On Religious Orders"

"DEFEND CHURCH AND STATE"

But No Opposition To Political Reforms In Spain

ROME, June 3.

The Pope has issued an encyclical sternly denouncing the Spanish law for the separation of Church and State, also the Religious Orders Bill just signed by President Gamora providing for the confiscation of property of religious orders in Spain and forbidding teaching by representatives of the Roman Catholic Church. The Pope urges the Spanish clergy to use all means to further religious instruction and all faithful to unite to defend both.

The Encyclical, however, hints at the possibility of co-operation of the Church and the Government and does not order the Spanish Catholics to thwart political reforms.

It says that the Church accommodates itself to all forms of Government "provided fight for God and Christian conscience is left intact"—Reuter's Special.

TRAIN DISASTER CASUALTIES

Official Quarters Put Them At 15

CALCUTTA, June 4.

Latest enquiries in official sources show that only 15 passengers (and not 40 as was previously stated) were slightly injured. Nine of these came direct to Howrah, five have been detained at wayside stations, while an old woman with two stitches on her forehead was sent to Allahabad at her own request. —A. P.

WIPING OUT TERRORISM

Two Bengali Youths Arrested At Calcutta & Daulatpur For Possessing Revolvers

CALCUTTA, June 4.

A Bengali youth, named Bibhuti Bhusan Banerjee, was arrested to-day in centre of the city, for being in possession, it is alleged, of a five chambered revolver.

A Bengali youth named Haripada Chatterjee was arrested at Doulatpur station (Khulna) for being in possession, it is alleged, of an unlicensed revolver.

A Dacca message states that a five chambered revolver was recovered from a tank attached to jail walls.—A.P.

NIZAM'S MUNIFICENCE

SECUNDERABAD, June 3.

H. E. H. the Nizam has donated Rs. 81,000 for building a hospital in the Bidar district.—A. P.

STOP PRESS

HOTTEST IN LONDON

LONDON, June 4.

"Hottest Whitsunday of century," proclaims Air Ministry in London, whose records show crescendo of shade temperatures culminating in 87 degrees at four p. m. and prophets foretell continuation of heat wave for tomorrow's holidays.—Reuter

CARDINAL BOURNE'S RESTFUL NIGHT.

LONDON, June 4.

Cardinal Bourne passed another restful night, according to official bulletin, and his condition is causing less anxiety. Masses were said at Westminster Cathedral to-day for his recovery.—Reuter.

INTERNATIONAL COTTON CONGRESS TO MEET.

PRAGUE, June 4

Five hundred delegates representing over twenty countries are assembling here for sixteenth International Cotton Congress opening on 7th June. Subjects for discussion include crop questions, trade depression, currency restriction as well as technical matters relating to mill management. —Reuter.

VICTORY TO WORKERS

Chalisgaon Mill Agents Grant Striker's Demands

(From A Correspondent.)

CHALISGAON, June 2.

Settlement was effected between the strikers of the Laxmi Narayan Mill of Chalisgaon and the Management on Friday.

The following demands of the workers have been granted:—

(a) The cut in the allowance (which was reduced from six annas per rupee to four annas) was restored. (b) The practice of collecting money-lenders' dues by the Management from the wages of the workers is to be abolished. (c) All the workers are to be reinstated and there will be no victimisation. (d) The wages withheld by the Management are to be given to the workers within a week. (e) The mill will remain closed at the time of cleaning the machinery.

It will be remembered that the workers struck work on the 25th April and have been fighting strenuously. They consolidated themselves in a Trade Union and sought help from the Red Flag Girni Kamgar Union of Bombay. Messrs. Bhayajee Kulkarni, Nandedkar, Kale ond Dandekar were sent to Chalisgaon. In all 23 persons, including leaders were arrested in the course of struggle. At last the determination of the workers brought about a satisfactory settlement.

UNFIT FOR LAW PRACTICE

Ahmednagar Govt. Pleader's Allegations Against Mr. Garud

(From A Correspondent.)

AHMEDNAGAR, June 3.

Mr. N. B. Deshmukh, the District Government pleader of Ahmednagar filed an application against another pleader, Mr. Keshav Ragunath Garud, in the court of the District and Sessions Judge, as the course of which he states:

Mr. K. R. Garud is a practising pleader of the District Court, Ahmednagar, and has been practising as such since the 30th of September, 1926.

Mr. Garud was sent up for trial before Mr. G. V. Joshi C. M. F. C. Ahmednagar, for an offence under Section 145 I. P. C. and was found guilty and sentenced to suffer R. I. for nine months' and to pay a fine of Rs. 100, in default to suffer R. I. for two months, under Section 145 I.P.C.

Having thus taken prominent part in furthering the cause of the Civil Disobedience Movement, he has by his conduct rendered himself unfit to hold the office of pleader.

The applicant prays that Mr. Garud's conduct may, therefore, be reported to the Hon.'ble the High Court, for action being taken in their disciplinary jurisdiction.

PLEADERS ASKED TO EXPLAIN

(From A Correspondent.)

AHMEDNAGAR, June 3.

Three prominent pleaders of Ahmednagar, Syts. Keshav Garud, U. R. Bogavat, and P. H. Patwardhan, who had been convicted for Congress activities have been served with notices that by their conduct, (in furthering the cause of Civil Disobedience Movement) they have rendered themselves unfit to hold the office of pleader."

They are required to be present on the 9th June before the Sessions Judge to explain their conduct.

BIRTHDAY PARADE AT DARJEELING

Governor Takes Royal Salute

DARJEELING, June 4.

The birthday parade was held here yesterday morning when the Governor received Royal Salute before a distinguished gathering including Cabinet members, ministers, leading officials and non-officials. After His Excellency inspected the parade in the Market Square there was the march past in which several regiments participated.

A State dinner and reception attended by four hundred guests was held at Government House where His Excellency presented M. H. M. Furrokh, Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Siliguri with the Kaiser-i-Hind Medal.—A. P.

CALCUTTA BIRTHDAY PARADE

CALCUTTA, June 3.

The usual birthday parade was held in the maidan under the command of Major General H. K. Bethell, Commander for Presidency, Assam District.—A. P.

U. P. PUBLICITY OFFICER EXPRESSES REGRET

Says In Letter To Mr. Pandit, Publication Of Extracts From Meerut Judgment Due To Clerical Error

ALLAHABAD, June 3.

Mr. R. S. Pandit, Barrister, has received a reply from the U.P. Publicity Officer regarding publication of extracts from the judgment in the Meerut conspiracy case.

The publicity officer expresses regret that the publication had given rise to any misunderstanding in the minds of Mr. Pandit's clients, communist prisoners.

The Publicity officer adds that the publication was due to a Clerical error in printing the news about the Soviet Government sentences in juxtaposition.

Mr. Pandit is assured that no propaganda is intended.—A.P.

POLITICS IN THE C. P.

(Continued from previous page.)

sociation. He is obviously jealous of the success of the Farmers' Association Candidates in the Local Board and District Council elections and has written many things in his paper which no honest journalist would write. He has never spared those who opposed the separation of Berar on the ground that the sponsors of the All-Parties Conference were out to establish an oligarchy.

LAST BUT NOT LEAST

And lastly, Mr. Deshmukh, ex-Minister, is one of those whose souls are within the Council though their bodies are out of it. He resigned due to sheer force of circumstances though he never believed in resigning. Since then, he is without a job. Once he advocated the cause of Hindu Youths at Karachi. A ministerial crisis—no matter whether real or faked—and you will find him in Nagpur. He has lip-sympathy for the tenants, though he is a landlord himself.

His latest stunt is his appearance at the Akola Non-Brahmin Conference which was presided over by his political adversary, R. B. Naidu. One cannot understand what earthly reason he had to join hands with those whom he has persistently misrepresented and maligned. One would not be surprised to find that one day he would sign the creed of the Non-Brahmin Party and go the whole hog.

This in short is the gist of the activities of these "leaders." Their politics is uncertain, veiled and queer. They stand for the Ministry and would abuse those who would defeat them. They would then raise the cry of wrecking the ministry. They would then blame the Ministers for all the evils in the world. In short, they are Nationalists not by temperament but at the instance and dictation of their political opponents.

PICKETING AT DEATH DINNER

Six Youths Arrested And Released

(From A Correspondent.)

DOHAD, June 3.

A death dinner was announced to be held here in the Dasha Nima Bania Community but due to the intervention of the youth element a batch of volunteers picketed at the entrance where the dinner was held The host is reported to have asked the assistance of the Police who on arrested six pickets and marched them to the Police Gate. Later on they were released.

The incident has created a great stir in the orthodox camp.

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Echo Of Tower Officer's Trial

Mystery Of "Marie Louise" Deepens As German Girl Denies Receiving Any Letters From Baillie Stewart, Though His Descriptions Fit Her

BERLIN, (By Mail).

I have just seen "Marie Louise," or, rather I have seen the girl whom Baillie-Stewart—the officer in the Tower—used for his description of the mysterious Marie Louise, though her name is not Marie Louise, writes the "Sunday Express" correspondent at Berlin.

I found her, thanks to the good offices of the hotel where Baillie-Stewart had been living during that dramatic visit of his to Berlin.

He had telephoned to this girl, so I was told, on the first day of his arrival, and had spoken to her on the telephone many times subsequently.

LUXURY HOME.

When I called at her address this afternoon—I am not going to give you either her name or address for obvious reasons—I found her living with her aged mother and a companion in a large and luxuriously furnished mansion of the Parklane quarter of Berlin.

Olga—that is this girl's real name—is a pretty blonde with blue eyes, a cheerful smile, and a slightly tip-tilted nose. She is the figure of a typical German out-of-doors girl.

She received me in the presence of her old grey-haired mother and her middle-aged companion.

DISTRESS.

"I have come," I said, "to ask whether you can give any help in clearing up this distressing affair of Lieutenant Baillie-Stewart?"

A puckered frown of distress came into Olga's face, which until this had been smiling at me in a hospitable welcome.

"Yes, it is a calamity," she said. "I read about it in the newspaper."

Then I put a number of further questions on the assumption that she was Marie Louise referred to by Baillie-Stewart at his trial.

"I suppose you received the letters (published in the "Daily Express") which Baillie-Stewart wrote to you from the Tower while he was waiting for the verdict?".

Olga's friendly blue eyes grew large with child-like surprise.

"Me receive letters from him?" she asked.

NO LETTERS.

"I never received any letters at all except one shortly after his return to England last year. And that I did not answer."

"Then are you not Marie Louise?" I asked.

"No," she answered with a laugh. "Certainly not. Though it seemed to me"—her mother nodded eager confirmation of this point—"that he was describing me when he described Marie Louise during the trial.

"Everything seemed to fit. I am blonde, I am young. I did go to dances with him at the Eden Hotel and also at the Haus Vaterland, just as he described. I saw quite a lot of him during the first eight or ten days of his visit."

"Yes," Olga's mother interposed. "We even had him to lunch round here on the third day, I believe, of his stay.

"You see, it was a necessary formality. This young man had been seeing a good deal of my daughter and I naturally wanted to make his acquaintance.

A SHOCK.

"It was a terrible shock for us all to read of the charges brought against him in Britain afterwards.

"And it was even more terrible when we realised that the original for the figure of this mysterious Marie Louise whom he described in the witness-box was obviously my daughter.

"Olga even thought for a moment of voluntarily going over to give evidence in the court. But we decided that she could not help him, only possibly the reverse.

"And we did not wish to harm him in any way, this poor unfortunate young man."

"Allow me to ask you a rather impertinent question" I said to Olga. A look of curiosity came into those fair blue eyes.

"Was Baillie-Stewart ever in love with you or did he ever make love to you?"

A delighted ripple of laughter greeted my question.

NOT IN LOVE.

"No," she chuckled. "He was not in love with me nor was with him. In fact," and here her face grew serious, "I took rather a dislike to him. And after about ten days I did not see him any more.

"I simply was not at home to him. But I am very sorry for him all the same, and will do everything to help him I can."

"How did you come to know the lieutenant?" I asked.

"He had a letter of introduction to me from a former English governess of mine who is now living in Southsea."

"Oh, yes," I said, "that is near his home town of Portsmouth. But you know nothing whatsoever of this whole business?" I added.

"No," she replied. "All I know is from the newspapers.

"I know neither Marie Louise nor Herr Obst, and neither am I Marie Louise. I have had no correspondence with him whatsoever and I have never sent him any money.

HARMLESS.

"Our conversation was of an entirely non-political nature and quite harmless."

"I see that you cannot do much" I said, "to help the lieutenant."

"No, I am afraid that is so," she answered.

I thereupon took my leave from the family, Olga accompanying me to the door.

The last vision I had of her she was standing against the imposing portals, her beautiful wavy fair hair blown by the wind, and in her white blouse and blue skirt she looked just like some fresh English school girl.

"I should so like to go to England," she said.

"Perhaps I could go and stay with some friends there soon. I do hope so."

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a notable announcement

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FOR AGENCY TERMS, ETC., WRITE TO HEAD OFFICE.

BOY CHOOSES HIS OWN CAREER

And No Mistake, For He Is Celebrated Painter Now

With shining eyes, an eleven-year-old schoolboy ran excitedly into a small haberdashery shop in Belper, Derbyshire.

"Mother," he said breathlessly to the woman behind the counter, "it will only cost eighteenpence an hour."

"What will?", asked his mother in bewilderment.

"To learn to paint," answered the small boy. "Miss Harrison says she will teach me for that."

"It is too much, and anyway you are too young to learn painting yet," said his mother.

The boy left the shop disconsolately, but was back again within half an hour.

"She says she will teach me for fifteenpence an hour, mother, because I'm so young," he cried triumphantly.

And that was how one of the best-known of present-day artists set his foot on the first rung of the ladder which was to lead him to international renown and to the coveted "line" at the Royal Academy.

The boy was Frank E. Beresford, and in his studio in St. John's Wood, he recalled those earlier days.

"I was always sketching—anything and everything," he said, "and I always wanted to be an artist.

"Miss Harrison gave painting lessons, and my mother allowed me to go to her for half an hour on two afternoons each week for fifteenpence."

That it was money well spent can be judged by the fact that since those days Mr. Beresford has sold 900 pictures and has had pictures in the Royal Academy in several years.

SATYAGRAHA IN PHILADELPHIA

Emulating Gandhiji Jailed Woman Refuses To Take 'Alien' Food

Emulating Saint Gandhi, Mrs. Idonah Slade Perkins has gone on a conditional hunger strike, says a Phillipine message.

Whether as a protest for her incarceration or not, Mrs. Perkins has refused to touch any food, according to her attorney and to reports turned in by the matron and superintendent of the Correctional Institution for Women in Mandaluyong, Rizal, where Mrs. Perkins has been confined.

Efforts to secure a writ of habeas corpus for her release by her counsel were frustrated when Associate Justice James A. Ostrand this morning refused to grant the writ. Mrs. Perkins' counsel went to see Mr. Justice Thomas A. Street, senior justice, but the justice informed, him that only the vacation judge could grant the writ.

Mrs. Perkins' counsel was advised to see Judge Mapa and Vicente Albert, clerk of court of the first instance, again on the matter. Judge Mapa had already refused to grant the writ

Disgusted at the whole affair, Mrs. Perkins has not touched any food since yesterday, except for a glass of tea yesterday noon taken at her abode, the Orientc hotel, according to her attorney.

WOULD NOT TOUCH PRISON FOOD.

This noon, however, Mrs. Perkins ate some sandwiches brought by some friends. At the same time she still refused to touch prison food, according to report received this noon by Director Alzate.

The court of first instance through Judge Emilio Mapa ordered her incarceration for contempt of court, due to her refusal to deliver certain documents and papers to her husband Atty. E. A. Perkins. Among the documents ordered delivered were 24,000 shares of Benguet Consolidated Mining company valued at P360,000.

MILITARY HONOURS

SIMLA, June 3.

The following awards to Military officers serving in India are announced in connection with the King's birthday honours list:

MILITARY DIVISION OF THE ORDER OF THE BATH: G.C.B:

General Sir Robert a Cassels, Commander-in-Cheif in India; KCB: Major General J F S Coleridge, officiating General Officer Commanding-in-Chief, Northern Command; CB. Col. H. Campbell, Military adviser-in-chief to Indian States forces; Col G G E Wylly, A A and Q M G, Peshawar District, Col A Campbell Ross (Retired), Col G L Pepys, India Office Col W H Leonard, I M S. (Retired).

MILITARY DIVISION OF THE ORDER OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE: O B E:

Major A S Turnham, 10th Royal Hussars; Capt, J R Birchall, Instructor, Army School of Education; Major A W Beard, Garrison Engineer, Lucknow; Major B Basu I M S Specialist in Opthalmology, Rawalpindi District, Major T Joyner, Chief Clerk, Headquarters, Northern Command; Major W Morris, Chief Clerk, Headquarters, Southern Command; Capt. J Stephenson, 2/8th Punjab regiment; Capt. L B Marchant, I A S C

M B E

Risaldar Lall Singh, Probyns Horse, Late Aide-de-Camp to His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India; Capt. G F Baxter, Military Engineer services, Garrison Engineer, Delhi; Risaldar Mohammad Yakub Khan, Indian Army Veterinary Corps; Conductor F A Marshall, Indian Corps of Clerks; Conductor H Jenkins, Indian Army Service Corps; Boatswain S K Ibrahim Kaka, Rowal Indian Marine.

MEDAL OF THE ORDER FOR MERITORIOUS SERVICE.

Flight Sergeant F White, No. 11 Bomber Squadron, Royal Air Force, Risalpur.—A. P.

London, June 3—Sir A. H. Ghuznavi had long interview with Sir Samuel Hoare. Sir Philip Chetwode, Commander-in-Chief, India arrived at Victoria this afternoon and was met by Col. G. L. Pepys representing Sir Samuel Hoare.—Reuter.

SHIKARPUR PEOPLE MEET TO PROTEST

Imposition Of House Taxes Against Section 76

SHIKARPUR, June 3. (Sind.)

A mass meeting was held on 2nd June in the Rao Saheb Dwarkadas Garden. Seth Chauri was President. The meeting expressed deep discontent on the Municipal Administration and protested against the imposition of house and drainage taxes. Speeches condemning the highhandedness of administration were delivered by Messrs. Govindram Dandumal Tulsidas, Isarsingh Akali and Jiwatram Khanchand. Mr. Dandumal read a telegram addressed to Sir Rustomji Vakil, Minister Local Self-Government, Bombay with above citizens' signatures.

THE TELEGRAM.

The house and drainage taxes are not sanctioned under the section 76. The Mukhtiarkar appointed is illegally preparing an assessment list of houses against section 78. The Chief Officer, Shikarpur Municipality, has illegally issued notices with forms under section 78 clause C. Threatening with prosecution under section 176 Indian Penal Code of form is not filled. People have been ordered to declare themselves on forms as issued liable for tax from first October 1933. Hence the whole procedure is illegal. Public is in great panic. Pray for relief.

JUMANI HALL.

Complaints against the removal of sunsheds of Bazar shops and imposition of higher classes vernacular schools were ventilated and protest raised. The following resolution moved by Hon Mr. Rughoomal and seconded by Mr. Tiratndas and Tarasingh was unanimously passed: "This gathering of Hindus and Mahomedans emphatically protests against and expresses deep indignation at ublip cmfwyp mfw gbykq bgbgz ministrators' refusal to lend Jumani Hall to Panchayat holding a public meeting. The Hall was built on public charity and the donors' object was to provide convenience for ventilating public grievances.

CALL OF DESERT

Hundreds Of English Women Go Sight-seeing In Morocco

English women's desire to see sheiks in person, and to have the romance of the desert brought to reality for them, is responsible for a new phase in holiday cruising.

A sudden passion to visit Casablanca, Morocco's gateway to a world of allure, has caused shipping companies to vary their itineraries.

The result is that Casablanca as a place of call is now included in the programme of every ship leaving Liverpool, and the venue of the Mauretania's Whit Week cruise has been changed from Gibraltar to Casablanca to meet this new demand.

A cruise director said: "The call of Casablanca has been so remarkable that I have had to report the fact to my company.

"On my last trip I took a record party of three hundred tourists ashore at Casablanca, and on the sixty miles run to Rabat, the capital of French Morocco, where the Sultan's palace attracted the women and the Foreign Legion outpost appealed to the men.

"There is no doubt that the womenfolk particularly are greatly intrigued by the proximity of the desert, which has figured so much in the romance of the novel and the film, and has thus fired the imagination of our young people of both sexes."

CLASSES FOR HARIJAN WOMEN

(From A Correspondent).

AMRAOTI, June 3.

Mrs. Tarabai Modak, B.A., has started a class in Hamalpura to teach the Mahar women reading and writing. She spends daily 2 hours; has supplied them slates and books free. She is assisted in this noble task by Mrs. Umabai Gokhale, Sakhutai Godbole, Durga bai Jog and others.

Mr. Motilal Vanshagopal, President Arya Samaj, has promised to pay Rs. 10 for books and Rs. 4 per month to a Harijan boy of Matric class.

Owing to the sudden illness of Swami Dhirananda which will oblige him to take a long rest, the activities of the International Fellowship and Raja-Yoga Satsanga Society Los Angeles, California of which Swami is the Founder-Director has been temporarily suspended since the beginning of this year.

Forging Arms For Far East

French Armament Firms Busy Night And Day

Le Creusot, France.—Two hundred pieces of heavy naval artillery French "75's"; 10,000,000 rounds of naval ammunition, 12,000,000 rounds of 'machine-gun ammunition, and 2,000,000 shells for light calibre artilley, have left the great armament works of Schneider Creusot and Company for Japan asd China by the sea route frim Marseilles and Bordeaux, says a report from Le Creusot, France.

The armament firms of France are working their employees night and day in the biggest hunitions drive since the war.

The night haunts of Montmartre are filled with workmen from the Hotchkiss machine-gun factories who spend their overtime earnings just as they did during the war.

Hotchkiss guns are going to other countries besides China and Japan. Russia is ordering quantities, so is the Argentine.

Bouligne and Rouen are busy with the export of machine-guns to Paraguay and Bolivia, too.

ENGLISHMAN'S ROLE.

But it is at Le Creusot, the biggest armament manufacturing centre in Europe, that the real race is being run. I made a special journey to this town, to peep behind the scenes of war.

I discovered that a retired British captain was at Le Cruesot a little time ago. He was acting for M. Chani Feuda, the Japanese agent who is buying arms for his country and order for the entire stock of munitions on hand in the factories and warehouses of the Schneider Creusot Company, to be sent immediately to Japan.

Now the 12,000 employees in this great armament town are working on a fresh order so large that workshops usually reserved for the manufacture of tractor wheels, locomotive parts and rais, and other instruments of peace have been converted into munition shops.

The factories at Le Creusot are completely isolated and practically self supporting. They are situated half an hour's drive from the town of Le Creusot, and a thirty-foot wall surrounds them.

POLICE SPIES.

Clouded glass admitting light but veiling the workers' activity renders it impossible for an outsider. Picets in what is going on inside. Picets in uniform stand on duty at intervals of 200 yards, while detectives mingle with the workmen, keeping o sharp eye on them to see that no secrets are betrayed.

Everything is private at Le Creusot, from the workers' foodshops to the vast railway station, with its eight lines connecting with the P.-L. M. sevice straight to the ports of Bordeaux and Marseilles.

Hundreds women are at work in the secretarial offices and in the packing departments, carefully documentinv and handling weird instruments of death.

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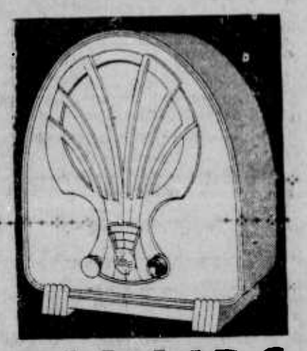

Philips "Super Inductance" model 830 is an all electric receiver with built in ferrodynamic speaker, and is supplied in two models. 830A—works from A. C. Mains 50 cycles, while 830C is for D. C. current.

The set has a dual wave range 200—600, 800—2000 metres, one knob control, illuminated dial, callbrated in wavelengths and can be operated by a child.

This 830 model is the lowest priced quality receiver yet produced by Philips Radio.

830A, for A.C. current supply .. Rs. 275

830C, for D.C. current supply .. Rs. 295

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"SON OF HEAVEN"

Descendant Of Ten Score Generations Of Sovereigns, Emperor Hirohito Of Japan Commands Reverence Of His Subjects As Few Other Rulers Do

The first breath of spring is softly playing to the lilt of world-old songs on the magic harp of the gnarled pine trees which stand aslant over the azure moat encircling the Imperial Palace of Chiyoda. There before our wondering gaze is to be seen many a beautiful water-fowl, lying half-awake, half-adream, side by side with sacred storks that brave the centuries beneath the mellow Eastern skies—in the very heart of Tokio—the while the smiling sun, neither warm nor cold, pours down its shimmering beams of gold upon the whole enchanted garden within, writes Gonnosuke Komai, the Japanese poet, in the "Daily Mail."

SUPREME SOVEREIGN.

Here, sheltered from the onslaught of the clanging, the incongruous, tollsome speed of our day by the Guardian Bridge, 'Ni-juh-Basih'" coupled with the time-honoured Towers of Tenshu, with their protecting "arms from Heaven" outstretched from the corners of the long stone walls; sheltered, too, in the deep woods in the awe-inspiring recesses of Japan's ancient castle—the Emperor's Buckingham Palace—that has withstood unshaken the severest of earthquakes and storms, the Emperor Hirohito reigns supreme over Dai Nippon and her 85,000,000 people.

Born on April 29, 1901, three years prior to the Japanese victory over the Russians in Manchuria, as the son and heir of the Emperor Taisho, his Majesty during his boyhood received the ordinary course of education under the tutorship of Admiral Togo and General Nogi. The former is the Japanese Nelson, having won the unique triumph of sending the Russian Baltic Squadron to the bottom of the Sea of Japan, while the latter was the hero of Port Arthur in 1094-5, when the Muscovites were completely frustrated in their design to possess Manchuria for all time.

VISIT TO ENGLAND.

The Emperor not only shared his learning with other boys at the Peers' School in Tokio, but also surpassed all precedents in the long annals of some 3,00 years of our land by crossing the sundering seas and setting his foot in Europe. In 1921, as our Crown Prince, he paid an historic visit to England his old and trusted ally in the West, whose Japanese Alliance had maintained the peace of the Far East for twenty years—the very alliance which, during his father's reign, rendered such invaluable services to the cause of the Allies, so much so that Kiaochau, the former German Gibralter in the East; was transferred as a gift to Japan at Versailles.

The Emperor also broke with convention by choosing his own bride, by refusing to comply with many earnest wishes that, in accordance with ancient custom, his Empress should be chosen by the Court officials and the Elder Statesmen. He married in fact, the Princes Naga-ko on January 26, 1924, and the event won for him the universal applause of Japan.

The fact that our Emperor entertains a sincere admiration and brotherly affection for Great Britain is largely due to his personal contact with the King and Queen, the Prince of Wales, and other members of the British Royal Family, as well as with the people of England, ever the champions of fair play and common sense. The Emperor sent his two brothers in swift succession to England—Prince Chichibu and Prince Takamatsu, the latter accompanied by Princess Takamatsu—in order to study the very cordial and friendly relations that exist between your Royal Family and their people as the Emperor himself had acquired in person some first-hand knowledge of the relationship between the English monarch and his subjects.

JAPANESE BELIEFS.

Nature appears to favour the Nipponese people by reminding them of the basic truth on which the peace and welfare of Japan's society is founded. The first cock-crow in the morning sounds to the Japanese ear as kokka-koh-koh, which means "Filial piety is the root of national prosperity." Further the chirping of the sparrows on the Japanese sloping roofs sends as the first greeting, chuh-chuh, which reminds us Japanese of loyalty and faithfulness to our ruler—the truth transfused into our lives and brought down unbroken for sacred centuries—since the days when the first Emperor Jummu established the sunrise Yamato-Land of Nippon 660 years before Christ.

We love to believe the legend that the tutelary deity of all Japan is the Sun Goddess, the source of life, joy; health; peace; and prosperity throughout the East who sent down one of her sons to found the Land of the Rising Sun and entrusted him with the three sacred treasures, the Sword, the Jewel and the Mirror. These three divine symbols are the august emblems of our Imperial Family to this very day. As long as we Japanese keep them intact as we shall never cease to regard our Emperor as the Son of Heaven, descendant of ten score generations of Sovereigns. We believe that the three symbols represent the essence of true civilisation, peace, order, and justice.

May I continue to cry 'Tenno-Heika Banzai!" ("Long live our Emperor!") till pebbles into huge rocks grow, moss-covered by the years.

LIST OF SWADESHI MANUFACTURERS

Supplement To Original Volume

At the instance of the Bombay Swadeshi League, 45/47, Apollo St. Fort, the Svadeshi Publicity Organising Service, Shri Hari Nivas Building, Gowalia Tank, Bombay 7, will shortly issue a supplement in English to the "Classified list of Swadeshi Manufacturers and Dealers" published by the League in 1930. About 300 fresh applications have been received. Such Swadeshi manufacturers as have not sent their application may kindly send it early to avoid disappointment.

The League published 10,000 copies in 1930 and sold them at a nominal price of annas two per copy just to enable every one interested in Swadeshi to have a copy with him for reference. This was the only publication of the kind published then on whose basis several others were subsequently published. Since the starting of the Swadeshi movement the demand for an up-to-date directory has become very great. Hence this undertaking.

The size of the supplement will be that of the original being namely demi 9½" by 5-1/2. The rates of advertisement will be Full page Rs. 40, Half page ½Rs. 20 and quarter page Rs. 10. For further particulars write to the above address.

OXFORD'S NEW BATHING RULES

Each season brings forth its rules for the women members of this University, and the river season has proved to be no exception.

A young woman wishing to bathe in the river must now take a companion with her who may act as rescuer in case of need and all this must take place before 9 a.m. which is not exactly conducive to acquatic exhibitions in either Isis or Cherwell.

The second rule is that no undergraduette may wear that garment known as "beach-pyjamas" whilst punting through the parks.

RED CROSS TO MEET IN TOKYO

Experts Discuss Plans For International Conference In Oct. 1934

At a meeting of the Standing Commission of the International Red Cross Conference held recently in Brussels, October 20, 1934, was decided upon as the date for the 15th International Conference to be held at Tokyo National societies were urged to send fully representative delegations to Tokyo at that time, says the Paris correspondent of the United Press.

A group of Red Cross experts have just assembled in Paris to study problems in the use of air ambulances and to receive the report of Mr. Ernest J. Ewift Secretary General of the League, on the Secretariat's past work and future plans.

A road expedition has been arranged from Paris to Hague, via Brussels and back, with a view to the study of the organization of First Aid Posts on Roads in France, Belgium and Holland. The Standing International Commission on First Aid on Highways, the League of Red Cross Societies and the Belgian, French and Dutch National Red Cross Societies were jointly responsible for the arrangement.

Among the participants were: Messrs. Navarro Viola, Argentine, E. J. Conill, Cuba; Colonel C. Taucher, Finland; the Marquis de Lilliers and Dr. Behague, France; Colonel P. Draudt, Germany; Sir Edward Stewart, Great Britain; Mr. E. de Simon, Hungary; Marquis Capraniia del Grillo, Italy; Mr. Yamanouchi, Japan; Madame de Rueda, Mexico, Dr. Leyba, Paraguay; Count Henry Potocki, Poland; Baron E. Stjernstedt, Sweden.

A Conference of the Central and Eastern European Red Cross Societies will meet at Prague to discuss Red Cross responsibilities in regard to Nursing; the organization and activities of local Red Cross Sections. Among the Red Cross Societies that have been officially invited are Austria, Czechoslovakia, Danzig, Estonia, Germany, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania and Poland.

Belgium, Spain, Italy, Japan, Norway, Roumania and Yugoslavia via will be represented in an advisory capacity. The League of Red Cross Societies the International Red Cross Committee, the Health Section of the League of Nations, and the International Council of Nurses will also participate.

WHY BRIAND DID NOT WRITE MEMOIRS

"Why should I write my memoirs? To write memoirs is to divide events which one has witnessed into two groups; those that went well and those that went badly. One claims the authorship of the first, and attributes the latter to one's adversaries. That is what is called history."

These quotations, made by the late Aristide Briand, are told by M. Andre Maurois in an article in the recent issue of "Les Annales."

At one time, reports the French writer, Briand was asked to explain truth.

"Truth?" he said, "who was it that described it as a lie that lasts?"

"Snowden was not a bad man—not at all." Briand said another time. "Only he arrived at the Hague with mistaken notions about France and he put himself in a very false position. He did not know how to get out of it. He has a wife who is charming."

An instance is recalled in the article when Briand took Chancellor Luther and Camberlain to dinner for a quiet talk. Luther, much moved began a speech.

"Keep that for our Parliaments," said Briand. "We are here to eat quietly and if we have to say difficult, even painful things, let us say them but without phraseology."—

KANDI DWIJAS DINE WITH HARIJANS

KANDY, June 2.

As a mark of respect and sympathy at the efforts of Mahatma Gandhi to cudb the evil of untouchability, over a thousand people inter-dined at the premises of Messrs. E. N. Cader Saibo & Co. The occasion also served as a rejoicement over the successful fast of Mahatmaji.

The inter-dining was arranged and held under the auspices of the Bose Sangam of Kandy. Many Brahmins and others of the so-called higher castes sat in between the sweepers, scavangers, barbers and many others of the Depressed classes.

After many speeches suitable to the occasion the following telegram was despatched to Mahatma Gandhi to Parnakuti, Poona:—

"Our humble prayers your fast conquer untouchability. Over thousand interdined in sympathy and faith, Bose Sangam, Kandy."

MONSOON ACTIVE ON WEST COAST

General Rain In Bengal & Assam

POONA, June 4.

The monsoon has been active along the west coast of the Peninsula, in Bombay Deccan, south Hyderabad and Burma. Associated with thunderstorms there has been general rain in Assam and local rain in Bengal, west Central Provinces and north Madras Coast, while a few falls have occurred in east Central Provinces.

Chief amounts of rainfall:—Gwa three inches; Tavoy two; Bassein, Toungoo and Rangoon one and a half; Amherst one; Kyaukpyu and Bhamo three-quarters; Myitkyina half; Cherapunji seven, Silchar six; Dhubri one and a half; Jalpaigurl and Shillong one; Dibrugarh, Sibsagar, Tezpur, Barisal half; Cox's Bazar, Narayangunj, Calcutta, Burdwan, Darjeeling a quarter; Ratnagiri, Ahmednagar, Hyderabad two; Nagpur one; Jagdalpur three-quarters; Seoni quarter; Calicut one and a half; Mercara, Bijapur, Mangalore and Masulipatam one; Gulbarga, Miraj, Mahableshwar three-quarters, Marmagoa, Karwar half; Belgaum, Cochin Vizagapatam a quarter.

Forecast:—The monsoon may strengthen in Malabar, Mysore and Konkan and Burma and continue active in Bombay Deccan and south Hyderabad. Thunderstorm and rain will increase in Assam, and occur locally in Bengal and at a few stations in Bihar and Orissa, Central Provinces, north Madras Coast and north Hyderabad.

Heavy Rainfall Warning:—Locally heavy rain is likely in Malabar, Lower Burma and Assam during the next 24 hours.—A. P.

ARMY MOUSTACHE CRAZE SPREADS

British Guards officers, following the suggestion of the King, are now appearing at Court functions and on parade with fully-grown moustaches.

And the men in the ranks are anxious to grow them, too.

The result is that hair restorer is one of the best selling sidelines in the Army canteens.

Soldiers abroad have caught the craze, and their requests include "a good moustache grower."

CO-OPERATION IN PRESIDENCY

Deccan Sabha Council's Plea For Government Help

The Council of the Deccan Sabha have submitted a representation to the Government in regard to Thomas Committee's recommendations relating to the Co-operative Movement, in the course of which they state:

The Council does not propose to deal in detail with the individual items in the agenda of the conference. Most of these have direct reference to the recommendations of the Reorganisation Committee, and it is to be wished that the conference will give to Government appropriate advice as to the action to be taken on them. The Council of the Sabha must, however, urge that the recommendations of the Committee and the difficulties which confront the co-operative movement at the present moment, should be considered in a comprehensive manner so as to suggest the adoption of policies that will preserve the co-operative ideal and ensure the progressive development of co-operative institutions in the Presidency. In considering questions piecemeal and in detail, there is often the danger of missing the wood for the trees, and it seems essential that in finding solutions for the different problems, the conference and the Government should keep prominently in view the following four important aspects, viz., (1) relation of the State towards the co-operative movement, (2) the organisation of the movement and the mutual relations of the co-operative institutions, (3) the financial position and prospects of the movement and (4) the working and administration of co-operative institutions.

STRICT SUPERVISION NEEDED.

The financial position of the movement, particularly the unauthorised arrears of the members of societies, is indeed such as to cause acute anxiety to all concerned. It will take too long to trace the causes which are responsible for this state of affairs. The Council of the Sabha, however, feels that the Reorganisation Committee has taken an incorrect and exaggerated view of the effect of the facility provided by the Co-operative Act, for the arrears of the dues of the societies being recovered through the agency of the Revenue Department. This is a necessary facility to be taken advantage of in extreme cases of wilful default and recalcitrancy after other means of recovery have been tried and failed. There is ample reason to believe that if prompt action had been taken by Government in consonance with the instructions of the law, in this matter, the situation would hardly have been as bad as it is to-day. The remedy, therefore, lies not in withdrawing this facility but seeing that it is properly and promptly utilised. Stricter and more active supervision and inspection on the part of Unions and financing agencies may at the same time be expected to make for improvement in the present position and the system generally.

LAXITY IN ADMINISTRATION.

A certain amount of laxity in the administration of the affairs of the co-operative institutions is undoubtedly visible and it has been accentuated by the prevailing depression. The Council of the Sabha feels that the time has come when Government should take stock of the developments which have recently taken place in the co-operative movement of this Presidency and make an earnest effort to put it on a sound footing. What appears to be needed is the promotion of efficiency, of a sense of responsibility and of effective co-ordination, in all the limbs of the body co-operative without detriment to its democratic character. There is a good deal of uncertainty in the public mind in respect of Government's attitude towards the movement, which has recently not been so actively sympathetic as it used to be in years past. An early assurance from Government that the movement will, with due regard to financial exigencies of the provincial exchequer, receive in full the State support, will go a long way in paving the way for internal improvement and stimulate non-official efforts in that direction. Efficient business management and democratic administration and control must ever be difficult in institutions which an illiterate and backward population predominates, and it is the avowed mission of the co-operative movement to accomplish this object.

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G. B. S. Great Insulter

Playwright Leaves Trail Of Studied Effronteries To Nations All And Sundry In His Strut Round World

"I myself have been particularly careful never to say a civil word to the United States. I have scoffed at their inhabitants as a nation of villagers. I have defined the 100 per cent American as 99 per cent idiot. And they just adore me."

Rare is the U. S. editor who has not snorted at the studied effroneries of George Bernard Shaw, recognizing them for what they frankly are: publicity bait. But rarer is the U. S. editor, as Mr. Shaw knows, who can resist printing readable copy, writes "Time." When his beard was red, Shaw's neatly phrased insults were truly startling. White-bearded now and more self-consciously rude, he still saws away so skilfully on his single string that the results are as monotonously fascinating as Oriental music. They and the magnificently protographable beard still keep him in the newspapers more steadily than any other world character of private rank.

Last December Writer Shaw squinted happily at a crowd in a London railway station, declared, "I am really going away because I want to get away from you," and set off on a world tour abroad the Empress of Britain. Since then the world's editors have received —and printed—one, two or three despatches on Shaw each week.

Pomeil: "No wonder God overwhelmed it with dust and ashes. I hope he'll do it again."

Bombay (advising Indians on the requirements for self-government): "England has got on very well for years without brains."

Hongkong (declining a Rotary luncheon invitation): "Rotary is a gang organized by ignorant and unscrupulous merchants who use the club as a means to promote their positions." (Retorted the U. S. president of Shanghai Rotary, which withdrew its invitation: "Shaw says Rotarians are overstuffed monkeys gathered around luncheon tables. I can only say there is always room for one more and that is why he was invited.")

Kobe (to people whose Emperor is divine): "Have you in Japan ever thought that in your imperialistic aims you may end as a republic?"

Kobe (avising Japan to take up birth control): "There is no reason why Japan should continue to expand and demand the right to overflow other countries which naturally resent an influx of a lower civilization."

In Siam, Shaw was for once obscured, by the presence of Prince Our bharta abroad the Empress of Britain In Peiping he flew over the Great Wall and contented himself with saying: "There is a Japanese soldier pointing out a rifle at every Chinese inhabitant, but keeping down nationalism is like sitting on a horse's head—there's no time to do anything else. The Chinese should study Communism."

In Hawaii, though he refused to be garlanded with lei, he said: "I sincerely hope you never permit Christianity to destroy or change the beauty of your dances. They have the charm of unspoiled nature."

FLINGS AT AMERICANS.

Then, as he approached the U. S. for the first time, his coming was hearlded by a super-Shavianism. In the New York Times, blind, deafz, gentle Helen Keller told now, when she once met him and admiringly addressed him in England at Lady Astor's he snapped: "All Americans are blind and deaf—and dumb."

Before he disembarked last week in San Francisco, he was in full fettle after days of silence at sea, but less insulting than usual:

"People think of me as a theatrical man but I am really proud of having served six years as a municipal councillor.

"I cannot pretend that I am not shocked at having any person put into a vault for 16 or 17 years. If Mr. Mooney was such a bad man, why didn't you have the courage and the character to shoot him?

"Yes, I'm a teetotaler, but you mustn't ask the people of the United States to live up to my standard.

"Your people are not happy enough to live without alcohol. When a person goes through a great ordeal he takes a great deal of chloroform that makes him forget all about what is going on. Alcohol acts the same way upon an unhappy people—makes them forget their unhappiness."

"The happy peoples are in the cemeteries, I suppose."

"I think I am a more extreme Communist than Lenin. Lenin is the greatest man since Washington."

NEWSPAPER MEN TOO.

At the airport he gave another interview, in front of sound cameras. He stagemanaged the show himself and said:

"Newspaper men are the same breed the world over and I don't think I like them so well. . . .

"Of course, you know this is all a fake. I didn't just walk into this picture and find myself talking It was all pre-arranged and we just rehearsed it.

"The purpose of this motion picture is to let you see the animal. I am the animal. I am sure you have been glad to see me for these few moments and I'm sorry I cannot see you."

Then, with Mrs. Shaw, he climbed into a plane to fly—before reembarking at San Pedro and sailing around to New York—down to San Simeon to visit Publisher William Randolph Hearst There, while Marion Davies and other guests "drank in every word," Mr. Hearst's syndicated cinema critic, Louella O. Parsons, had an exclusive audience. Excerpts from her report:

"He was the first up in the morning. I found him communing with the eagles, a part of the menagerie on the ranch. I heard him regret that one of the young lady guests was so commonplace as to choose a horse when she might ride a zebra. . . .

"I asked him: 'Is it true, Mr. Shaw, that you will refuse to let any of your plays be filmed?'

"He said: 'Certainly not. I am extremely anxious to have them all filmed before I die.'"

To commemorate the centenary of the founding of Melbourne, Australia, it is proposed that every child born in the city in 1934 shall be tattooed with the State's coat of arms.

WANTED — YOUNG MEN

Qualification—Shaved Heads; Apply To Loh Wanping

SHANGHAI (By Mail.)

Following the advent of over a dozen Chinese youths with shaved heads into the police station during a period of two weeks, the Shanghai District Court decided to investigate.

The youths all told the same story. They were without work and had been accosted by a man in the street who offered them jobs. The stipulation was, however, that they must have their heads shaved. For this purpose the man gave them the required ten coppers and, after waiting to see that they really went to the barbers and had their heads shorn, made a rendexvous for the next day. The man, in each case, said he would turn up in a red motor car and take them to their future place o employment.

In one case he did so actually appear, but the boy thinking the matter very suspicious, ran away. In all the other cases the shorn youths waited long and patiently but no red car appeared.

The police finally located the man, whose name is Loh Wanping, and they have found him a strange cross between a philanthropist and a practical joker.

For Loh says he is a tailor by profession, and found it pleasant to give out "crossed" coppers (all Loh's coppers were marked) to unemployed lads, together with a hope that they would soon be employed. Queriel as to why the necessity for a shaved head, Loh answered that he only made the youths shave their heads because he thougt it a "harmless joke."—Reuter.

MARRIAGE IS LIKE AVIATION

It Depends On How Pilot Chooses Machine

Marriage should not be based on such an ephemeral and fragile emition as love, according ao Me. Pierre Lepaulle, French attorney who addressed the Current Events class of the American Women's Club of Paris on matrimony and its problems.

Some 60 members and guests heard the barrister—who speaks excellent English—state that the flam of love is easily snuffed out by workaday contact and conflicting temperaments, and he advised more durable stuff for being happy though married.

An aviator about to make a long voyage, said Lepaulle, chooses carefully his machine, which is really his mate in his venture, and he does little sentimental enthusiam until after the machine has proven its merit. So should it be in choosing a mate, said he.

The lawyer said those who marry their first loves furnish a huge percentage of divorces cases and advised against a man marrying before he is 30. A woman at 24 is just as mature, he added in response to questions.

LACK OF FRANKNESS.

The speaker observed that there are "passive" and "active" minds and that if both parties to a union possess the same type, the marriage is likely to be bound for the rocks. One should be "passive" and the other "active," he said, and added that a maximum trouble resulted from the fact that people tried to change their mates rather than change themselves wherever friction appeared.

Lepaulle stated that one of the gravest faults of married couples was lack of absolute sincerity and frankness. "It is as difficult to be absolutely frank with one we love as with a total stranger," he said, "and this is unfortunate, because frank discussions would stave off many quarrels, lead to compromises and probably away from the divorce court."

The attorney added that Franco-American marriages had an appalling percentage of failures where the French bride was uprooted and taken to the United States, but that they fared far better when the American husband remained in France.

"Channels of understanding was what he called the hope and salvation of married couples getting together temperamentally."

WOMEN MONARCHISTS RALLY ROUND HITLER

BERLIN. (By Mail.)

Forty thousand women, monarchists all, heard Crown Princess Cecillie throw her support behind Chancellor Hitler as the representative of the spirit of Potsdam.

"The spirit of Potsdam, which was the essence of old Germany, also constitutes the basis of the new Germany," said she. "That fact was witnessed by the great day of March 21, when the Reichstag and the Government came back to Potsdam.

"It is the duty of German women to support the men in the combat they are waging to-day. We must be grateful to Chancellor Hitler because under his authority patriotic tasks can be accomplished again."

Her words made a profound impression on her 40,000 hearers and were interpreted as meaning that the Hohenzollerns were content, at least for the time being, with the Hitler regime. In any event, her words put off restoration of the monarchy.

The 40,000 women belong to the Luisenbund and they met in Potsdam and Berlin to show their support of the monarchists. They came from all parts of Germany. President von Hindenburg sent them a telegram of sympathy.

JAPAN'S SEAT ON LEAGUE COUNCIL

The committee that is studying the question of the present system of elections to the Council of the League of Nations met in mail week under the chairmanship of Count Piola Caseli (Italy). The committee adopted the following resolution proposed by Lord Cecil:—

The committee is in favour of provisionally increasing by one the number of non-permanent members of the Council, it being understood that the question of the number of the non-permanent members will be reconsidered upon the expiry of the term of office of the new member. It is, however, understood that all the members of the League of Nations will remain free upon the expiry of this term of office to propose any final solution which they may consider desirable.

The purpose of this proposal is to fill the vacancy on the Council made by the retirement of Japan. The committee appointed a sub-committee to consider and submit proposals to ensure the practical application of the scheme embodied in Lord Cecil's formula and adjourned.

"GENIUS" HIDES UNDER BUSH

His "Right To Make Love To Woman" Gets Violinist Into Trouble

Alleged to have declared that he was a genius and had a right to make love to women, Michael Gold, 21, violinist, was bound over at Marylebone when he appeared on remand charged with insulting behaviour in Finchley-road, Hampstead.

The evidence was that Gold took hold of the arm of a young woman as she was wolking arm-in-arm with her husband, and when the husband turned round he bolted and hid himself under a bush in a front garden.

The husband went after him, and Gold stated that he thought the woman was the man's daughter, and not his wife. He expressed his desire to kiss her and perhaps marry her.

Gold's defence was that he had been treated by a friend, and that the drink had got into his head and prevented him from apologising when he touched the lady's arm.

If has since revealed by the police that Gold had been sent to a Borstal institution, after being placed on probation for theft.

The Women's Institute at Copthorne, Sussex, are holding a competition for the grandmother with the most shapely leg.

FORGING NOTES BY MILLION

French Police Hot On Track Of Continental Swindlers

Inquiries extending over three European countries have been undertaken on the initiative of the French Police, following the discovery of a large number of forged Bank of England notes put into circulation in mysterious fashion in France, says the Paris correspondent of "The People."

The police state that the forgeries are on a scale far beyond anything previously known, and the gang coocerned is believed to have ready for circulation notes totalling several million pounds.

The forged notes are mainly of five pound denomination but notes for higher amounts have also been forged.

These imitations are said to be the closest approach to the real thing yet achieved by forgers, and even skilled bank clerks find it difficult to detect them.

It is believed that the notes are the product of a factory known to exist in Berlin for the forgery of bank notes passports, and other valuable documents.

FAKE BONDS, TOO.

The same factory is believed to be responsible for the production and issue of a number of forged French National Defence Bonds circulated throughout the world during the last two years.

It is stated that at the present time a large consignment of these bogus bonds is being circulated in England.

An experienced officer of the Shrete Generale is leaving here to-night to undertake discreet inquiries in England with the object of stopping the circulation of the forged bonds before the forgers have a chance of damaging French national credit.

Customs authorities at Channel ports are on the look-out for forged National Defence Bonds and Bank of England notes being consigned to England.

COUPLE DETAINED.

A number of suspicious packets were seized to-night at a Channel port in the north of France and at the same port a man and a woman were detained for inquiries as to the origin of bogus notes in their possession.

It is believed that consignments of forgtd notes have been prepared for distributionn all over the world but the discoveries made by the Surete Generale are likely to unset the calculations of the gang.

The greater part of the consignments have not yet left France and it is believed that they can still be intercepted at the ports.

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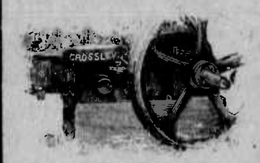
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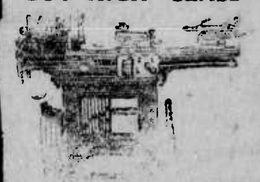
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CHICAGO EXHIBITION

Shows Progress Of Mankind Within Last Century

The building of the great Century of Progress Exhibition on the shores of Lake Michigan is a spectacle of feverish speed. Unlike most other exhibitions, this one is noncompetitive. Manufacturers are not submitting rival products for medals and blue ribbons. The exhibition is intended to illustrate the progress of mankind during the past 100 years and show examples of scientific advance as actual processes—things being done, says the "Chicago Herald Tribune."

For instance, one of the largest motor manufacturers will exhibit a completely equipped automobile assembly plant from the start of the assembly line until the machine is driven off under its own power, and the story of automobile manufacturing will be told in animated, attention-getting fashion. A visitor will be able to order a car in the morning see it made and assembled, and drive it away in the evening.

STRIKING PICTURE.

One wandering through the grounds is started by buildings of the most original design, silhouetted against the background of sky and lake. These structures are daring departures in architectural form, utilizing clours and surfaces in ways hardly imagined before. The dramatic effect of light and colouring on the windowless surfaces is new and almost fantastic.

The Hall of Science, the centerpiece of the exhibition, is a vast, impressive structure set on the edge of a lagoon that opens on Lake Michigan. A spacious interior, a courtyard, picturesque terraces, ramps, pilons and lofty towers from which notes of a carillon sound the hours make the building the outstanding feature of the show.

The Travel and Transport Building, windowless, and nearly an eighth of a mile long, represents some daring innovations in architectural design. The dome adjoining the main building introduces the first important application of the suspension bridge principle to architecture. Its roof is hung from "sky hooks" instead of being supported from the ground up.

12 STORIES HIGH.

The dome is the height of the average 12-story building and has a clear interior diameter of 206 feet. From the tops of 12 steel columns built in a circle cables run like the threads of a giant spidereweb supporting the roof.

A salon of 800 photographs will constitute the largest photographic display ever brought together in America. The pictures have been selected from over 5,000 submitted from almost every country in the world.

It is characteristic of the spirit of the fair that the impulse which will set the machinery of the exhibition in motion on June 1 will be the light of a star. Rays which left the star Arcturus 40 years ago, at the time of the Columbian Exposition, will be picked up by a photo-electric cell and operate switches that will flood the various buildings with light and bring generators into clouds.

In order to avoid the risk of clouds obscuring the star and defeating the experiment, rays of Arcturus will be picked up by three observatories in various parts of America, and the electric impulse transmitted by a telegraph line to Chicago.

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BOMBAY AND MADRAS

WINE GLASSES DOWN THE AGES

Unique Exhibition Of Drinking Vessels In Its Honor

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

An exhibition in honour of wine, will be held in the ancient hall of the Vintners' Company in the City of London during the last week of June and the first in July.

It will be one of the finest collections of drinking vessels of all ages which London has ever seen.

Craftsmen of every generation have delighted in lavishing their talents upon bowls, glasses, bottles, decanters, cups and other receptacles for wine, and many remarkable specimens are being lent to the exhibition from private collections in various parts of the country.

In addition to these masterpieces, there will be exhibits representing the ordinary drinking vessels of the 16th, 17th and 18th centuries.

"The exhibits", says a special correspondent of the "Daily Mail" will be of every material, ranging from drinking horns to the gilt and silver cups of City companies.

"The earliest exhibit will be a Greek tasting glass of the 5th century B.C., excavated at Salamis, and so admirable for its purpose that nothing better has been made since. Copies of it are used to-day by tasters of fine brandy.

"Another exhibit will be a cup from which, by tradition, Shakespeare drank the 'Falstaff Cup' from the 'Old Boar's Head' in Eastcheap, demolished a century ago.

"The ship's decanters which were on the cabin table of Lord Howe during the victory of the 'Glorious First of June' off Ushant in 1794, will be on view.

"So will the earliest dated glass in England, an Elizabethan one of 1581, which has thus survived the handling of 14 generations of parlour-maids, or their equivalent. The earliest date-marked bottle will accompany it. This is a later piece, from 1657.

SMUGGLERS' BOTTLE.

"There will be many curiosities, such as a giant eighteenth-century decanter holding the contents of 22 bottles, and a unique example of the Smugglers' Bottles which produced the 'Bootlegger'. This is a thin, flat leather vessel, very like a ham in shape, which was concealed in the sea boots of the broad type used in sailing days.

"Another curiosity is the leather bottle which the founder of the great banking family of Hoare had with him when he tramped to London to seek his fortune. Later he had it gilded and set it up over his promises as a sign, saying, as he did so, 'Like this bottle my bank may fall, but will never break.'

"Christ's Hospital is lending its beautiful drinking horn with silver fifteenth-century mounts, and Lord Strathmore the equally celebrated 'Lion of Glamis', a silver cup formed in the shape of a lion."

The Exhibition is being organised by a London Committee, formed to welcome members of the forthcoming Congress, in cooperation with the Vintners' Company.—Reuter.

VALEDICTORY

A pleasant function took place on Thursday evening, the 1st June, at the Best Welfare Club, Colaba. The occasion was a farewell gathering arranged by the Traffic Outdoor Staff to wish their Traffic Manager, Mr. Francis Aulton, Bon Voyage, on the eve of his sailing home on furlough.

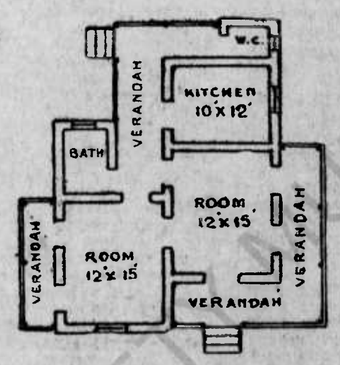
Speaking highly of the sterling qualities of Mr. Aulton and the keen interest he takes in his subordinates, the Staff expressed their firm opinion that he was badly in need of sound rest in view of the severe strain he had undergone during the last two years which was all the more rendered difficult by the recrudescence of the unfortunate communal faction last year.

Mr. Aulton made a suitable reply and thanked the staff for their love and regard for him. He assured them that their interests would be carefully looked after by Mr. Wright in his absence, and hoped to see the men with the same happy, contented and smiling faces on his return.

A group photograph was taken. The function came to a close with light refreshments.

Mauda Hrvojovitch a determined matriach, aged 116, appeared in person at the Vinkovatz, Jugo-Slavia, to sue a local tradesman for £3 for butter and eggs which she had supplied. She won.

A shoemaker, aged sixty-five, of Horton, Indiana objected to comments on his eleven-year-old son's conduct in his school report. He went to the school and shot the headmaster and the boy's teacher.



A suggested internal layout.

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BOMBAY MONDAY, JUNE 5, 1933

NO MORE BATTLES OF FAITHS

Followers Of Different Religions Must Learn To See Fundamental Unity Underlying Diversity Of Spiritual Beliefs, Says Shankaracharya

In his presidential address to the first sessions of the All-Faiths Conference which met at Nasik on Sunday his holiness Jagadguru Shankaracharya (Dr. Kurtakoti, after welcoming the delegates and visitors who had come from various parts of the country, referred to the attempts made in the past in this county as well as in countries outside India, to bring the followers of the different religions of the world on one common platform, with a view to find out the unity behind the apparent diversity in men's beliefs. The Great War had helped to intensify this yearning for unity and peace in the midst of the world's unrest.

Continuing, the Shankaracharya said:—

BATTLE OF FAITHS.

If we look back into the history of religious movements all over the world we are struck at the tremendous amount of energy spent by the popagandists of the different Faiths in trying to prove the superiority of one Faith over others. Instead of spreading the beauty of the doctrine they had learnt to love and adore, we find them indulging in destructive criticisms of other faiths. Naturally they were paid back in similar coin.

When every faith tried to do the same thing, the only possible result was that in time criticism, and that too of an extremely un-helpful kind, filled the world of religious thought. The spotlight of publicity of that time was played on that worst possible aspects of all faiths. The result of such activities were not noticed for a long time. We are seeing the fruits of such unhealthy criticism only now. Such criticism even may have its own significance in days gone by, but we are realising that at least now there is no occasion for it.

TIDE OF UNBELIEF.

There is a tide sweeping over the world to-day, the tide of non-belief. We are able to understand now that this is due to the effect produced on the minds of the young men and women by seeing their elders claiming divine support for their own doctrines and attempting to throw mud in the face of everyone else upholding a different view. Born in an rationalistic age, the youths, not unnaturally, draw the conclusion that the only logical thing they ought to do is to cultivate a general indifference to any and every spiritual doctrine. This contemptuous indifference is the accumulated effect of thoughtless criticisms in the past and is the worst enemy we have to contend against. Our chief problem is how to remove this indifference and replace it by a robust, healthy and inquiring outlook which will seek to realise God.

NEW IDEAL.

Those of us who have faith ought to show that we can unite and bring the greater power of the spirit to bear upon the problems that are facing humanity. The responsibility of proving the value of Faith in the practical worldly life of the ordinary human being lies on our shoulders. We can do it, if we direct our spiritual energies, our divine inspiration to the proper channels of service of humanity. In this endeavour we must try and marshall all those who have faith in God in one common effort.

This new ideal of finding a common unity behind all faiths is spreading far and wide throughout the world. In our own country we have had the successful International Conference of Religions in Bangalore, representatives of which we are glad to welcome in our midst to-day.

Even in England we have evidence of the same spirit moving with power and strength. On the 15th of May last the first of a series of meetings was held in Grotrian Hall in London, where representatives of 15 different faiths and denominations supported this inter-Religious Crusade which pledges itself to united effort for World Betterment and Universal Peace. Hindus, Parsees, Muslims, Christians of various denominations, all met together to "demonstrate their points of unity and describe their aims for stimulating religious belief."

INDIA'S RESPONSIBILITY.

Bishop MacConnell, National Chairman of the World Fellowship of Faiths, in America, in his letter to me has referred to India as the Spiritual mother of mankind. All of us belonging to various faiths, have got the inestimable privilege of living in such a sacred country. The responsibility, the burden on our shoulders is the greater because of the proved inheritance that we possess.

The very fact that we have gathered together in this place shows that we are still able to respond to this appeal to the higher sense of unity of life. We are able to realise that unity of and have come together with a fervent desire to prove to the world that we in India have realised this unity of life and are willing to co-operate with our fellow beings all over the world in their attempt to bring about peace.

A mother gives us that vitality which is an essential factor in building up our bodies, so that we can become full-pledged human beings. A spiritual mother gives us that spiritual food, that inspiring vitality, that irresistible energy which will make us strong in ourselves, with unflagging zeal and unlimited capacity to hold on to the flag of the spirit in the domain of Matter. India, the spiritual mother of mankind, must supply that living Power, that energising influence to all those who have faith all over the world, which will enable them to find peace. But before we, sons and daughters of Mother India, can bring this wonderful influence to bear on such tremendous world problems, we must be able to show to the world that we also have realised this unity and have the strength and courage and perseverance to bring it about in our own lives.

FULL TOLERANCE.

I have faith that all of us, who have assembled here, have got this Faith, and I am sure that we will show it in our deliberations here and in our conduct outside. We are servants of the One God worthshipped under many names inspired by one mission, to lay all our energies, our capacities, our faith-inspired strength at His feet as an humble offering, living a life of service and sacrifice that will bring Peace and Honour to our mother-land—the Spiritual mother of mankind.

It has to be pointed out, however, in order to remove any possibility of misunderstanding that unity of Faiths does not mean the bringing about the uniformity but the attainment of a common spirit and understanding. Everyone is at full liberty to follow his or her faiths being tolerant at the same time towards other faiths.

INDIA'S MISSION

Before I close, let me say a few words about our mother-land. India is proving to the world today her spiritual greatness by the sufferings she has undergone. She may be misunderstood. Designing persons may ascribe all sorts of unworthy motives to her silent suffering. Interested parties may help unscrupulous writers to indulge in misrepresentation of India's standpoint. It is well-known that attempts were made in the past and are still being made to-day to discredit her culture and disown her living spirit. But the discerning mind will see India as a Yogini, who has sublimated her lower self and who is firmly established in her higher conscious self.

The philosophical poet will see India like the deep, steady waters of the sacred Ganga, undisturbed by passing gusts of wind, pursuing her way towards the sea despite the transient currents of fortune. There is tremendous strength in her placidity, there is vigorous life behind her immobility, both marks of the serene detachment she has faced the trying period of recent years.

Now it only remains for her to show that even under the changed and changing circumstances of the world, she is in a position still to remain the old, old spiritual mother, she has been for thousands of years past and that the expectations of the promoters of the World Fellowship of Faiths in America will be triumphantly fulfilled by India inviting the spiritual leaders from all lands to her hallowed shores to take part in a great add inspiring Fellowship of Faiths in the near future.

MORE OF DIE-HARD SANCTIMONY

"Indian Defence League" Sermonises On Its "Principles".

LONDON, June 3.

The New Indian Defence League in the course of a statement on its principles says that Parliament's commitments with regard to the Indian constitutional development must be honoured in letter and spirit but the obligations Britain has incurred in regard to the welfare and advancement of Indian peopses are equally binding.

The White Paper proposals in many important respects must cause profound and increasing anxiety to all who value Britain's work in India. No representative body of Indians accepts or can undertake such constitution. To imperil India's peace, to jeopardise the vast trade that has brought so much benefit and employment to both communities and to strike at the central strength of the British Empire would be a fatal dereliction of duty.—Reuter.

BEWARE OF SMASH AT POLLS!

Garwin Warns Baldwin And His Colleagues

LONDON, June 4.

Delegates to Conservative Council on June 28 will have to vote with a far more sobering realisation of the implications of alternatives than in the last Council meeting, declares Mr. Garvin in the "Observer."

As straight-seeing statesman, Mr. Baldwin must recognise that the line he has taken hitherto has not carried conviction to the rank and file. It is definitely desirable that he should carry the Central Council with a sweeping majority. If he is to do this, which will be the most momentous effort of his career, he must put ethical argument on a still higher level and explain practical arguments with more unflinching and unsparing realism. But let him not attempt for a moment to disguise the reality and the extent of risks.

If the Conservative Party allowed itself seriously to be disrupted in this business, it will be smashed at the polls with results that the Indian policy will be quite contrary to the Defence Leagues' desire.—Reuter's Special.

JAPAN BEATS BRITAIN

Satoh's Brilliant Victory In Tennis Championship

PARIS, June 3.

In French Championships in quarter-finals, Satoh (Japan) surprisingly defeated Perry, Britain's Number One player, 1|6, 7|5, 6|4, 3|6, 6|2.

Satoh's win, when he was 0|4 in the second set, is reckoned as the most brilliant Japanese victory on the tennis courts of Europe.

He now meets Crawford (Australia) and other semi-finalists Cochet and Lee (Great Britain.—Reuter's Special.

CARDINAL BOURNE SLIGHTLY IMPROVES

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, June 3.

Cardinal Bourne had a restful night and there is slight improvement in his general condition, states an official bulletin.—Reuter.

(SPECIAL CABLE)

BATAVIA, June 3.

It is officially announced that the tea restriction scheme will operate from 8th June.—Reuter.

VESUVIUS IN ACTION AGAIN

Red Stream Of Lava Emitted: Fate Of Villages Below

NAPLES, June 3.

Climax of the recent abnormal activity of a largest cone of Vesuvius was reached to-day when its face cracked and fiery red stream of lava four feet wide and emitted at the rate of nine feet per minute in the direction of village Terzigno which was overwhelmed by lava in 1829.

The lava is at present well within the walls of the crater, but apprehensions are entertained lest the pressure should cause the walls to give way with the ensuing disaster to the villages below.—Reuter's Special.

750 STERLING TOURNAMENT

Lacey Beats Padgham At Leeds

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, June 3.

On the Templenewsam course at Leeds in the Yorkshire Evening News 750 sterling tournament, Arthur Lacey of Selsdon Park beat Alfred Padgham, two and one.

Padgham had spent a sleepless night suffering from neuralgia. He was five down in the first round.

Both are finalist Ryder Cup nominees.

INSURANCE AGAINST NAZI ASSAULT!

Reich Ex-Minister Under Preventive Arrest

(SPECIAL CABLE)

KARLSRUHE, June 3.

The former Reich Finance Minister, Heienrich Koehler has been taken under preventive arrest because Government could not guarantee his personal safety from assault of Nazi supporters.

According to the official report, the arrest was made after story of demonstration outside Koehler's house which had a sequel in the publication of certain letters in the local newspapers.—Reuter.

RECOVERED FROM WRECK OF "EGYPT"

Italian Steamer Salvages 50,000 Sterling Worth Bullion

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, June 3.

Italian salvage steamer, "Artiglio", paid the first visit to Plymouth this year to-day with gold recovered from the wreck of the P. and O. "Egypt" sunk off Ushant 11 years ago after a collision in fog.

Last year, "Artiglio" salvaged threequarters millions sterling and it is believed that bullion worth another 400,000 sterling is still to be recovered.

"Artiglio" to-day landed gold bars and sovereigns worth about 50,000 sterling, which was sent to London by train.—Reuter.

EASY CONDITIONS IN MONEY MARKET

Fair Business Done In Rubber

(Special Cable).

LONDON, June 3.

On the money market easy monetary conditions were further accentuated by dividend disbursements amounting to over 40 million sterling.

This week's 50 million Treasury bills were allotted at an average rate of five shillings eleven pence per cent, which is fresh low record.

Herr Sihacht's statement relating to Germany's financial obligations had practically no effect on the Discount Market as it was considered that no factors were revealed beyond what was already known.

Rubber was firm with fair business done.

Other English markets were closed owing to Whitsun holidays.

WEST INDIES IN SCORING MOOD

Headley Piles Up 129 Runs In First Class Cricket

LONDDON, June 3.

The following are the closing scores in the first class cricket matches which commenced to-day:

Middlesex vs Sussex at Lords—Sussex 182 (Allen 7 for 41), Middlesex 234 for 2 (Lee 51 Hendren 93 not out Hearne 64 not out).

Essex vs Worcestershire at Leyton—Worcester 194 (Martin 50 Bull 59 not out Smith 5 for 66). Sssex 117 for 1 (Cutmore 56 not out).

Lancashire vs Yorkshire at Manchester—Yorkshire 287 for 5 (Mithell 116 not out Barber 62).

Warwickshire vs Derbyshire at Birmingham—Derby 226 (Storer 94 Smith 54 Paine 5 for 38). Warwick 63 for three.

Notts vs Surrey at Nottingham Notts 267 (Harris 132 Gover 5 for 70. Surrey 24 for 2.

Hampshire vs Kent at Southampton—Kent 291 (Valentine 65 Ames 69 retired hurt). Hants 99 for 3.

Somerset vs Gloucestershire at Tauton—Glocester 132 (Lyon 53 White 4 for 34. Somerset 114 for 4.

Northamptonshire vs Leicestershire at Northampton—Leicester 141 (Dawson 75 Clark 7 for 36-. Northans 168 for 4 (Timnus 61 not out Jupp 59).

Glamorgan vs West Indies at Cardiff—West India 304 for 5 (Roach 61 Headley 129).—Reuter's Special.

ALLEN'S MAGNIFICENT BOWLING

LONDON, June 3.

Allen who is making his debut for Middlesex since his return from Australia had Sussex dismissed in 195 minutes.

Bowling magnicfiently deriving plenty of pace from the pitch which was extremely lively before lunch he returned the analysis of 14 overs five maidans 25 runs and five wickets, clean-bowling Bowley, Cook and James Langride.

After lunch, Allen captured two further wickets his final figures being 20/5/41/7.—Reuter's Special.

FOUR-POWER PACT

Londonderry And Eden To Discuss With French Premier

LONDON, June 3.

The Four-Power Pact is expected to be reached before next Wednesday when Lord Londonderry and Captain Eden will visit Paris and discuss disarmament problems with M. Daladier, according to the information available in London.

Mr. Norman Davis, the United States envoy, will also participate in the conversations.

It is anticipated that new differences regarding Article Three of the Four-Power Pact between the British statesmen and the French Premier will be mentioned. Reuter.

THREE-POWER TALKS POSTPONED

(SPECIAL CABLE)

GENEVA, June 3.

The British Delegation to the Disarmament Conference announced that Paris discussions between France, British and United States statesmen with reference to the present position of the Conference have been postponed until Thursday.—Reuter.

EXPORT BARRIERS MUST BE REMOVED

Will London Conference Listen To Nazi Paper?

(SPECIAL CABLE)

BERLIN, June 3.

Commenting on Herr Schacht's statement on the transfer problem, Nazi journal "Angriff" says:

What Germany expects above all is the removal of export barriers abroad and regulation of private debt question. The paper adds, if the London Conference fulfills these conditions, then in the natural course of things debt payments will be resumed.—Reuter.

SIR MICHAEL O'DWYER NOW OUT OF DATE

With Exception Of A Few Jo-Hukum Species No One Looks Upon Him As Friend Of India, Says Maharaja Burdwan

LONDON (By Air Mail.)

Lecturing at a week-end session at the Bonar Law College, Ashridge, London, on the present situation in India, the Maharaja of Burdwan pointed out by striking diagrams from a monograph prepared by Sir N. N. Sircar in his pamphlet, "Bengal Under the Communal Award and Poona Pact," that, although the Mahomedan population in Bengal was in a majority and there was a large number of agriculturists in the province, in every other walk of life Hindus preponderate.

Hindus were at a great disadvantage in the Communal Award, but the Maharaja hoped that in time a strong agricultural party with both communities would help partially to solve the present difficulties.

UPPER CHAMBERS.

The Maharaja also emphasised that the Upper Chambers in the three provinces should be thoroughly representative and the question of the rights of heredity for hereditary titleholders among the Indian nobility should not be overlooked.

The Maharaja concluded by saying that Lord Lloyd, Mr. Winston Churchill and certain London dailies were doing great harm to the Indian cause and warned his audience that, should even the proposals in the White Paper not be accepted, then the British would hardly have any friend left among Indians in India.

EAST INDIA ASSOCIATION.

The White Paper was discussed at a meeting of the East India Association, London.

Sir John Perronet having spoken, Sir Michael O'Dwyer criticised the proposals contained in the Parliamentary White Paper.

The Maharaja of Burdwan, who followed, said that, while he did not question the sincerity of Sir Michael O'Dwyer's arguments, he wished that Sir Michael would realise that he was not only out of date, but that, with the exception of a very few of the 'jo-hukum' type, no one looked upon Sir Michael as a friend of the India of to-day.

The Maharaja went on to say that, while he pitied the position of the Indian Princes in the idea of a Federation, should the federation fail and the Chiefs not join, India would not be satisfied unless some popular responsibility was granted in new Central Government.—Reuter.

VICEROY HOLDS STATE BANQUET

SIMLA, June 3.

In the Viceregal Lodge at Simla, on Saturday the Viceroy attended the parade to celebrate the birthday of His Majesty the King Emperor and took the salute of the troops marching past. Her Excellency was also present. Their Excellencies attended the races at Annandale.

The Viceroy held a State banquet in honour of the birthday of His Majesty, the King Emperor. —A.P.

INDIA'S LOYAL GREETINGS

Viceroy's Telegram To King

SIMLA, June 4.

The following telegrams were exchanged between his Excellency the Viceroy and his Majesty the King:—

From H. E. the Viceroy to H. M. the King, dated June 2: "On behalf of of the Princes and people of India I respectfully beg to offer Your Majesty our most loyal and heartfelt greetings on this auspicious day. It is our constant prayer that your Majesty may long be spared to reign over us."

From H. M. the King to H. E. the Viceroy dated June 3:—"Please convey to the Princes and people of India my cordial thanks for their loyal greetings on my birthday. I am deeply gratified by their kind expression of good wishes."—A. P.

BIRTHDAY PARADE AT SECUNDERABAD

SECUNDERABAD, (Dn.), June 3.

The King's Birthday Parade was held here this morning on the Parade grounds in which the British troops in the station participated under the command of Col. De Johnson, V. C. Officiating Brigade Commander. Battery fired a Salute of 31 guns while the Infantry discharged "Feu de Joie".

Two presentations were made by Col. Johnson during the Parade—Lt. L. C. C. Harrison, Royal Corps Signals receiving the Military Cross and Lance Corporal G. Barnett of the same Corps receiving the military (?).

Col. Johnson took the Salute at the March Past which concluded the ceremony.—A. P.

BOMBAY GREETS HIS MAJESTY

Exchange Of Telegrams Between Governor & King

The following exchange of telegrams took place on Saturday on the occasion of His Majesty the King Emperor's birthday.

From His Excellency the Governor of Bombay to His Majesty:—"On the happy occasion of your Majesty's birthday I beg respectfully to tender to your Majesty the loyal and devoted congratulations of the Government, Princes and peoples of the Bombay Presidency."

From His Majesty to His Excellency the Governor:—"I sincerely thank the Government, Princes and peoples of the Bombay Presidency for their loyal message of congratulations which I have received with much pleasure."

JAPAN'S BID FOR WARSHIPS

U. S. Shipping Board Declines Offer

WASHINGTON, (By Mail.)

According to Special Cable to the "Tribune".—It was learned on good authority that Japan recently offered to purchase the United States liner Leviathan, which has just been withdrawn from service for the coming season. If equipper with six-inch guns this vessel, originally the German Vaterland, could become a powerful cruiser by virtue of its speed.

Two more remarkable instances of Japan's policy of acquiring ships adaptable for use as troop transports were also revealed today. The United States Shipping Board recently received an inquiry from a New York firm in regard to the possibility of purchasing the Mount Vernon and Monticello, two Government-owned vessels, both seized from Germany during the War. Owing to the shipping depression they have been lying idle for several months in Chesapeake Bay.

Further inquiry was made as to the Leviathan, asking if she was to be removed from transatlantic service and if so whether she would be fore sale.

Before replying the Shipping Board asked for what purpose the three vessels were wanted. Hearing that the Japanese wanted them as "scrap iron," officials of the board immediately answered that no such sale would be considered.

20 INJURED IN RIOTING

MADRAS, June 3.

A Sivaganga message says that a serious rioting occurred at Tiruppuvanam on 29th May between Vellalas and Ahambadiyas as a sequel to the burning of a Vellala house. About 20 persons were seriously injured. Police rushed to the spot and quelled the rioting. —A.P.

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